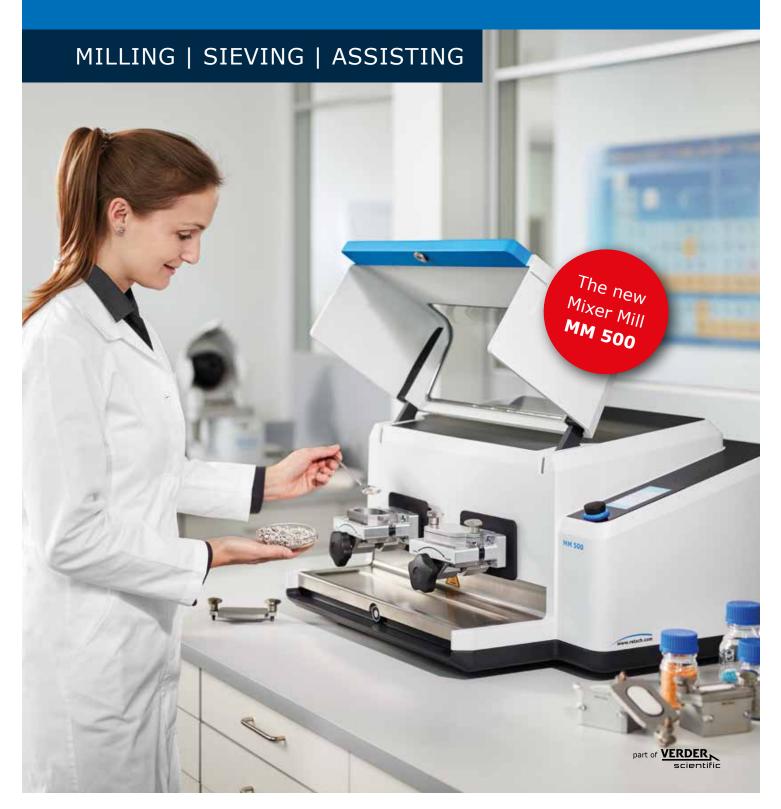


GENERAL CATALOGUE





Science for Solids

Materialography Hardness Testing Heat Treatment Elemental Analysis Milling & Sieving Particle Analysis As part of the VERDER Group, the business division VERDER SCIENTIFIC sets standards in the development, manufacture and sales of laboratory and analytical equipment. The instruments are used in the areas of quality control, research and development for sample preparation and analysis of solids.

www.verder-scientific.com

RETSCH – More than 100 Years of Innovation

Global market leader in the preparation and characterization of solids - quality "made in Germany".

The company was founded in 1915 by F. Kurt Retsch. A few years later he registered his first patent in grinding technology: a mortar grinder that became famous worldwide as the "RETSCH Mill". This innovation replaced tiresome manual grinding with hand mortars which was the standard in laboratories at the time and earned RETSCH an excellent reputation in the international science and research community.

Today RETSCH is the leading solution provider for size reduction and particle sizing technology with subsidiaries in the US, China, Japan, India, France, Italy, Benelux, Russia, UK, South Africa and Brazil and an export share of 80%.

RETSCH's philosophy is based on customer orientation and leading edge technology. This is reflected in instruments whose high-quality components are designed for perfect interaction. RETSCH products not only guarantee representative and reproducible results for grinding and particle analysis but also allow for easy and comfortable operation.

With RETSCH you get:

- First class product quality thanks to advanced manufacturing methods
- Comprehensive application support including free test grindings and product trainings
- Excellent sales and service network throughout the world

www.retsch.com







ABOUT US



Integrated Solutions

We see ourselves as solution providers. In addition to our extensive product program we offer competent application support and technical assistance.

Application Consulting

For us professional customer service is about offering individual and specific advice, by phone or on-site in our application laboratories worldwide. Our application experts process and measure your samples free-of-charge and provide a recommendation for the most suitable method and instrument. Finally, we offer free application consultations at your doorstep with our fully equipped laboratory bus.

Seminars, Webinars and Workshops

Alone or with renowned partners in the laboratory industry we regularly offer seminars and workshops about different aspects of sample preparation, particle measurement and analytics. Visit our website for current dates and online registration.

Customer Magazine "the sample"

RETSCH's popular customer magazine "the sample" provides readers with the latest information about products, applications, seminars and campaigns. Detailed articles provide insight into the particularities of sample preparation and particle analysis and provide valuable tips and tricks.

Retsch

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www.retsch.com

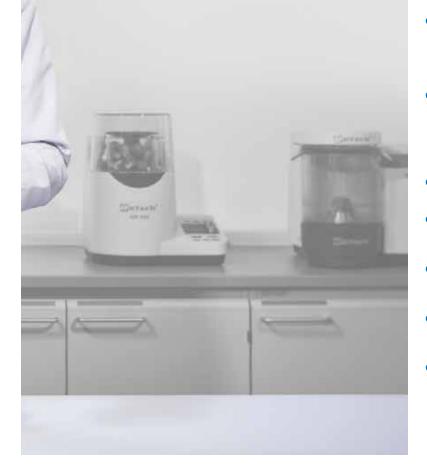
Our website www.retsch.com is the perfect tool to receive first-hand information on products, applications, contact persons, dates and events. The site is available in 19 languages.

Product Information

Each product is presented in great detail on the website www.retsch.com. In addition to features, technical data and order information, a whole range of useful documents and files can be downloaded. Moreover, it is possible to request a quote for each product and all the accessories listed on the website.

Application Database

Our application specialists process and characterize a large number of customer samples every day. The most interesting results are collected in an online database which currently contains more than 2,000 test reports. The application database is an excellent tool for a first impression as to which instrument may be suitable for a particular application or sample material.



1915

The company is founded by F. Kurt Retsch in Duesseldorf.

1923

F. Kurt Retsch develops and patents a mortar grinder which becomes known as the RETSCH Mill and is synonymous with the concept of easier and better laboratory work.

1952

Engineer Dirk Sijsling assumes management responsibility for F. Kurt Retsch KG. The production of laboratory equipment gains more and more importance.

1959

RETSCH extends the product line with sieve shakers, sample dividers and magnetic stirrers. More space is required for production, leading to the move of the company into larger premises in Haan.

1963

RETSCH intensifies its cooperation with universities and institutes to ensure their equipment is always up to the latest technological standards. By the end of the sixties, the export share has increased to 35%.

• 1976

The company moves to a new expanded location in Haan.

1989

RETSCH becomes part of the Dutch VERDER group and gradually manages the transition from a family business to an international company.

as of 1993

Subsidiaries in the US, China, Japan, India, France, Italy, Benelux, Russia, UK and Thailand ensure RETSCH's direct presence in the major economies of the world.

i 1998

Foundation of RETSCH TECHNOLOGY.

2012

RETSCH moves to new headquarters in Haan.

2014

Market launch of the revolutionary High Energy Ball Mill Emax.

2015 RETSCH celebrates its 100th anniversary.

2019

Market launch of the new MM 500, the perfect combination of Mixer Mill and Planetary Ball Mill.





















At a glance

Product News



This icon marks our product news

Milling



Maximum feed size and final fineness



This mill is suitable for

cryogenic grinding



Cyclone for improved material discharge and additional cooling

Sieving



Measuring range of sieve shakers / particle analyzers



Suitable for wet sieving / for measuring suspensions



Suitable for dry sieving / for measuring dry samples



This instrument can be used with the EasySieve software



This instrument can be calibrated

General



This instrument is CE compliant





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Disclaimer

As RETSCH has a policy of continuous product development, improvements and changes will be made during the lifetime of this catalogue. RETSCH reserves the right to amend the specifications at any time and in any particular way without prior notice. If the dimensions or technical specification of a product in this catalogue are critical, it is important that RETSCH is contacted to confirm the details prior to order placement. Images in this catalogue may differ from the original and may contain accessories and optional equipment which are not part of the standard scope of delivery.





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Reproducible Sample Preparation for Reliable Analysis Results

A reliable and accurate analysis can only be guaranteed by reproducible sample preparation. The "art of milling and homogenization" is turning a laboratory sample into a representative part sample with homogeneous analytical fineness. For these tasks RETSCH offers a comprehensive range of the most modern mills and crushers for coarse, fine and ultra-fine size reduction of almost any material. The choice of grinding tools and accessories not only ensures contamination-free preparation of a wide range of materials but also the adaptation to the individual requirements of such different areas of application as construction materials, metallurgy, foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals or environment.

To find the best suited mill for a specific application, the following should be considered in advance:

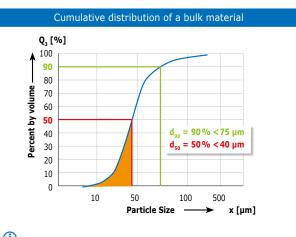
- Quality/characteristics of sample (e.g. dry, tough, abrasive, fibrous, brittle, hard, soft, temperature-sensitive etc.)
- Feed size
- Required final fineness
- Sample volume
- Sample throughput
- Subsequent analysis (which type of contamination by abrasion of grinding tools is acceptable?)
- May the sample be dried or embrittled before grinding?

Depending on the quality of the material different size reduction principles are applied to obtain the required fineness. Hard-brittle materials, for example, are best comminuted with impact and friction, for example in a planetary ball mill. For soft and elastic materials, however, size reduction with knife or cutting mills is the most suitable method.

Large particles cannot always be ground to analytical fineness in one step. In some cases it is possible to carry out coarse and fine grinding in the same mill with different settings; in other cases two mills or crushers are required.

An essential rule of thumb for size reduction is to only grind the sample as fine as necessary and not as fine as possible.





(i) The grind sizes indicated in this catalog relate to the d_{90} value which means that 90% of the sample has a particle size smaller or equal to that value. The exemplary graphic shows that the sample also contains considerably smaller particles. Generally, the achievable grind sizes depend on the sample characteristics and instrument configurations which means that different results may be obtained with apparently similar samples.

Applications

Selection Guide for Size Reduction Tools

The following selection guide gives an initial overview of the application areas of RETSCH mills and crushers. The selection of a suitable mill depends on the individual application. Contact us to find the optimum solution for your application!

- suitable
- suitable to a limited extent)

Sur Crushers Model approx. Find fine-ess approx. Jaw Crusher Bs 50 40 m 50 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	 suitable suitable to a limited not suitable 	l extent					Construction materials	Soil, sewage sludge	Chemical products	Electronic waste	Feed stuff	Glass, ceramics	Wood, bones, paper	Coal, coke	Plastics, cable, rubber	Food	Leather, textiles	Minerals, ores, rocks	Pharmaceutical produ	Plants, hay, straw	Secondary fuels
Jaw Crusher BB 100 / 200 / 300 S0 / 90 / 130 mm 4 / 2 / 5 mm a <t< th=""><th>Jaw Crushers</th><th>Model</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Jaw Crushers	Model																			
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(i) Please note:

The achieved final fineness depends on the sample material and instrument configurations which means that different results may be obtained with apparently similar samples.

rmaceutical products



Jaw Crushers - Powerhouses in the Lab

For coarse and primary size reduction of medium-hard, hard, brittle and tough products RETSCH offers a comprehensive portfolio of jaw crushers, covering a wide range of feed sizes.

BB 50 – Powerful and Compact Benchtop Model

The BB 50 is the smallest model of the RETSCH jaw crusher series and has been specially designed for crushing smaller sample volumes with a maximum feed size of 40 mm. The final fineness is defined by the digital gap width setting and is often achieved in one go. The BB 50 features zero-point adjustment for wear compensation and maximum reproducibility. With its compact footprint this unique jaw crusher fits on any laboratory bench.

The variable speed may be set digitally from 550 to 950 min⁻¹ to adapt the crushing process to the sample requirements. The possibility to reverse the rotating direction is helpful if too much sample material has been fed to the crusher causing it to block. Due to a frequency converter the motor starts with enough power to achieve the maximum speed in a very short time.

A Belleville spring washer and intelligent monitoring electronics protect the jaw crusher against overloading. Due to permanently lubricated bearings and its solid design, the BB 50 is dust-tight and virtually maintenance-free.



Benefits

- High final fineness (d₉₀ < 500 µm)*
- Compact benchtop instrument
- Digital setting of speed from 550 to 950 min⁻¹
- Breaking jaws in 5 different materials
- Permanent lubrication and wearout notification
- Reversal of rotating direction possible

Video on www.retsch.com/bb50

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Superiority in Detail



Easy removal of the crushing arm without tools



Digital speed setting and display of gap width



Large collecting receptacle (3 liters) with optional lid

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BB 100, BB 200, BB 300 – Robust and Versatile Floor Models

Robust design, simple handling and cleaning are the features of the BB 100, BB 200 and BB 300 models. For small amounts of sample the jaw crushers can be used batchwise; for larger amounts they can be operated continuously. Thanks to convincing technical and safety features, these models are ideally suited for sample preparation in laboratories and industrial plants, also in rough conditions. The jaws are available in different materials, among them a heavy-metal free version.

Safety is a top priority with RETSCH jaw crushers. The feed hopper with splash-back protection cannot be accessed by hand. A safety switch and the brake motor ensure an immediate stop if the unit is opened or switched on incorrectly. For easy cleaning of the crushing chamber, the hinged hopper can be removed in a few simple steps. The jaw crushers run very smoothly and quietly and are virtually maintenance-free.

The models BB 100, BB 200 and BB 300 can be connected to an industrial vacuum cleaner to minimize dust development.





Benefits

- Feed size up to 130 mm (BB 300)
- High final fineness (d₉₀ < 2 mm)*</p>
- Zero point adjustment for wear compensation
- Batchwise or continuous grinding
- Breaking jaws made of 4 different materials

Video on www.retsch.com/bb

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Retsch

BB 250 and BB 400 – Safe and Convenient

For small amounts of sample the BB 250 and BB 400 are used batchwise; for larger amounts they can be operated continuously. Thanks to the modular concept of the housing and frame these jaw crushers are suitable for a wide range of applications.

A front door gives direct access to the crushing chamber for easy cleaning. The feed hopper with splash-back protection can be removed quickly and easily. Both models have a connection for dust extraction and are protected against mechanical overload.

The crushing chamber is available in a variety of materials to ensure neutral-to-analysis sample preparation. Their technical and safety features make these models ideally suited for sample preparation in laboratories and for small scale production.



Benefits

- Front door allows for easy cleaning of the crushing chamber
- Continuous gap width setting
- Wide range of materials for contamination-free grinding
- Optional collecting receptacle with outlet for continuous operation

Video on www.retsch.com/bb







Retsch

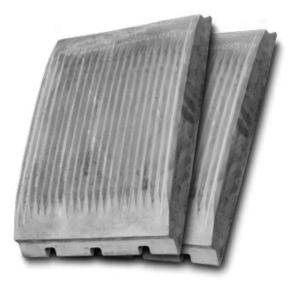
BB 500 – Fine Grinding in One Working Run

The BB 500 is a robust and powerful force-fed crusher characterized by its excellent crushing ratio. Thanks to the steep crushing chamber design and the highly effective crushing kinematics it is possible to process samples with a feed size of up to 110 mm to a final fineness of 90% < 0.5 mm in one working run.

The feed material passes through the no-rebound hopper and enters the crushing chamber. Size reduction takes place in the wedge-shaped area between the fixed crushing arm and one oscillating arm with high frequency (780 min⁻¹). This motion ensures a consistent gap width in the stroke cycle so that the sample is crushed to the set fineness in one working step. Two massive flywheels transmit high impulse forces to the crushing jaws. The innovative design permits dual usage by rotation and therefore provides for an extended service life.

As soon as the sample is smaller than the discharge gap width, it falls into a removable collector. The continuous gap width setting with scale ensures optimum size reduction in accordance with the set gap width.





Benefits

- High crushing ratio 50:1
- Wide range of materials for contamination-free grinding
- Easy cleaning of crushing chamber
- Suitable for integration in automatic installations
- Special version for grinding semi-conductor materials

Video on www.retsch.com/bb500

Breaking Jaws BB 500





BB 600 – For High Sample Throughput

Due to the low installation height of 1 meter the BB 600 is ideally suited for continuous operation in automatic installations and sampling stations. Thanks to the compact design of the BB 600 it may replace a jaw crusher in existing installations.

This model achieves a throughput of up to 3,500 kg per hour. The possibility to connect a dust extraction system minimizes dust development during crushing. Further features like overload protection and a feed hopper with splash-back protection make working with the BB 600 convenient and safe.

Benefits

- High throughput up to 3,500 kg/h
- Gap width setting
- Overload protection
- Size of breaking jaws 600 mm high / 400 mm wide
- No-rebound feed hopper
- Connector for dust extraction
- Suitable for integration in automatic installations
 - Video on www.retsch.com/bb600





Accessories for All Jaw Crushers

Breaking jaws made from five different materials allow for adaptation to different sample properties (e.g. hardness) or heavy-metal-free crushing.

• Manganese steel

is a material whose structure becomes compressed under pressure and hardens with time (cold hardening).

Stainless steel

is recommended if the expected feed material is not too hard and could cause corrosion.

• Tungsten carbide

is the most abrasion-resistant and pure material. It ensures a longer working life of the jaws even if materials with a hardness of up to 7-8 on Mohs' scale are regularly processed.

• Steel 1.1750

is ideally suited for heavy-metal-free grinding of samples which are not extremely abrasive (such as construction waste, soil, road pavings).

• Zirconium oxide

is used as a ceramic material for metal-free preparation, e.g. for dental or clinical ceramics, optical glasses. Another advantage is that no color changes as a result of abrasion are observed.

Model	Manganese steel	Stainless steel	Zirconium oxide	Tungsten carbide	Steel 1.1750
BB 50	1	V	1	1	1
BB 100	1	V	J.	1	1
BB 200	1	V	J.	1	1
BB 250	1	1	J	1	1
BB 300	1	V	J.	1	1
BB 400	1	-	-	1	1
BB 500	1	-	_	-	-
BB 600	1	-	_	-	-

Available Breaking Jaws



Versatile Use

Apart from the four standard models, RETSCH jaw crushers are also available as special versions adapted to particular application requirements:

• Combination with Disc Mill

For the rapid, continuous grinding of large quantities of coarse material to analytical fineness, the combination of the RETSCH Jaw Crusher BB 200 and the RETSCH Disc Mill DM 200 is the perfect solution.

Process-line versions

The BB 200 and BB 300 jaw crushers are also available in versions which are suitable for continuous size reduction in online operation, e. g. for quality control during the production process. These are supplied without feed hopper and motor protection switch.

• Special version for size reduction of semiconductor materials

This version of the BB 200 resp. BB 300 features feed hopper and collector with plastic lining as well as breaking jaws and wear plates of tungsten carbide.

- Special version with automated sorting of undersize (3 fractions) and oversize (1 fraction) The BB 250 and BB 400 are available with automated sorting unit. Sieve plate apertures range between 2 and 6 mm.
- Jaw Crusher and Sample Divider Combination Unit ABP 250

This combined unit separates a maximum of 5.6 I sample material directly after the crushing process into 8 equal sub-samples or extracts 1 sub-sample from the bulk.



Jaw Crushers at a Glance



Applications	
Fields of application	
Feed material	

Performance data	
Material feed size*	< 40 mm
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ < 500 μm
Collector capacity	3 liter
Max. throughput*	3 liter/batch
Gap width setting	0 – 11 mm
Speed (at 50 Hz)	550 – 950 min ⁻¹
Gap width display	digital
Zero point adjustment	1
Hinged hopper	1
Connection for dust extraction	dust-tight housing
Maintenance- and lubricant-free sliding bearings	1
Process line version available	-
Wearout warning notice	1

Technical data

Drive power	1,100 W
W x H x D	420 x 460 x 560 mm
Net weight	approx. 79 kg
More information on	www.retsch.com/ bb50

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Jaw Crusher ABP 250





coarse and pre-crushing

chemistry / plastics, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment / recycling, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics

medium-hard, hard, brittle, tough

< 50 mm	< 90 mm	<120 x 90 mm	<130 mm	< 220 x 90 mm	<110 mm	<350 x 170 mm
d ₉₀ < 4 mm	d ₉₀ < 2 mm	d ₉₀ < 2 mm	d ₉₀ < 5 mm	d ₉₀ < 2 mm	d ₉₀ <0,5 mm	d ₉₀ < 6 mm
2 liter	5 liter	10 liter	27.5 liter / 35.4 liter	10 liter	15 liter	30 liter
200 kg/h	300 kg/h	300 kg/h	600 kg/h	400 kg/h	500 kg/h	3,500 kg/h
0 – 20 mm	0 – 30 mm	0-30 mm	1-40 mm	0-30 mm	0-11 mm	6-60 mm
275 min ⁻¹	275 min ⁻¹		253 min ⁻¹			
analog	analog	analog	analog	analog	analog	-
1	1	1	1	\checkmark	1	-
1	1		1			
1	1	1	1	✓	1	1
-	1	-	1	-	_	_
-	optional	-	optional	-	optional	optional
_	-	_	-	-	_	_

750 W	1,500 W	3,000 W	3,000 W	5,500 W	7,500 W	15,000 W
320 x 960 x	450 x 1,160 x	695 x 1,365 x	670 x 1,450 x	695 x 1,365 x	930 x 1,400 x	925 x 1,600 x
800 mm	900 mm	719 mm	1,600 mm	719 mm	1,080 mm	1,370 mm
approx. 137 kg	approx. 300 kg	approx. 325 kg	approx. 700 kg	approx. 400 kg	approx. 1,050 kg	approx. 1,350 kg
www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/	www.retsch.com/
bb100	bb200	bb250	bb300	bb400	bb500	bb600

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH's powerful jaw crushers are ideally suited for preliminary crushing of construction materials, ores, granite, oxide ceramics, quartz, slag, silicon, coal, tungsten alloys, cement clinker etc.





Application example: Silicon



Rotor Mills - Quick & Efficient Pulverization

The rotor mill series includes Ultra Centrifugal Mills, Rotor Beater Mills and Cross Beater Mills. Depending on the particular instrument they are suitable for the preliminary and fine size reduction of soft, fibrous and also hard materials.

ZM 200 – Ultrafast, Ultrafine

The powerful and versatile ZM 200 offers the ultimate in performance and operating comfort. This mill pulverizes a great variety of substances extremely fast, thus allowing for a high sample throughput.

The highly effective rotor-ring sieve system ensures that the sample remains in the grinding chamber only for a short amount of time. Thus the sample properties – which could otherwise be altered due to overheating – are preserved. Cleaning of the grinding tools is quick and easy which helps to avoid cross-contaminations due to frequently changing sample materials.

The heart of the ZM 200 is the innovative powerdrive. The perfectly matched frequency converter and 3-phase motor provide a considerably higher throughput when compared with other rotor mills, resulting in a particularly effective grinding process.

Thanks to the efficient size reduction technique and comprehensive range of accessories the ZM 200 provides gentle and rapid preparation of analytical samples.



Ultra Centrifugal Mill ZM 200

Benefits

- Powerdrive with a speed range from 6,000-18,000 min⁻¹
- Rapid and gentle grinding in two steps (rotor/ring sieve system)
- Automatic feeding (option)
- Suitable for grinding cryogenic samples (LN₂)
- Patented cassette system for maximum sample recovery and easy cleaning
- Comfortable safety housing with automatic cover closure
- Optional cyclone for improved material discharge and additional cooling

Video on www.retsch.com/zm200

Accessories and Options

Its wide range of accessories and the possibility to individually select the rotor speed make the ZM 200 easily adaptable to any size reduction task. All parts which come into contact with the feed material can be removed without using tools and are easily cleaned and reinserted.

The feed material is introduced either manually or via the optional load-controlled Vibratory Feeder DR 100 which is connected to the mill through an interface. The automatic, steady sample feed maximizes the throughput without any risk of overload and ensures uniform grinding results. The ground sample is collected in the cassette. The innovative cassette design ensures easy and loss-free sample recovery and avoids cross-contaminations.

When using a cyclone the sample material is additionally cooled by the air stream and more rapidly discharged from the grinding chamber via the cassette pan with outlet. When additionally connecting a vacuum cleaner, the system is virtually self-cleaning. The cyclone accommodates 250 ml or 500 ml sample bottles; for grinding larger volumes, 3 liter and 5 liter collecting receptacles are available.





Controlled and uniform material feed: ZM 200 with Vibratory Feeder DR 100



Automatic size reduction of large amounts:



ZM 200 with Vibratory Feeder DR 100 and cyclone ZM 200 with Vibratory Feeder DR 100 and cyclone with connection for industrial vacuum cleaner



Rotors and Ring Sieves

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The selection of the push-fit rotor and ring sieve depends on the properties of the sample, the required final fineness and the subsequent analysis.

The ring sieve aperture size is primarily chosen according to the required final fineness and the feed material. With most materials approx. 80% of the total sample achieves a fineness of less than half the aperture size of the ring sieve used.

Rotor Selection Guide		
Rotor	Field of Application	
6-tooth-rotor	coarse, bulky, fibrous goods such as feed pellets, hay and straw	
12-tooth-rotor	medium-coarse goods such as wheat, oats, corn, tablets, powder coatings and plastics	
24-tooth-rotor	fine goods such as chemicals, coal and sugar	
8-tooth mini-rotor	special rotor for size reduction of small sample amounts up to 20 ml	

Rotors and ring sieves are available in various materials and types. The reinforced rims of some ring sieves provide greater stability so that these are typically used for heavy-duty applications.

Temperature-sensitive, brittle materials, such as powder coatings or resins, are particularly easy to grind with distance sieves which have been specially developed for this purpose.

Rotors and ring sieves with an abrasion-resistant coating are used for reducing the size of abrasive substances such as fertilizers.

For heavy-metal-free size reduction of non-abrasive materials we recommend the use of rotors and ring sieves made from titanium in combination with a titanium-niobium coated cassette and cover.

Thanks to the wide range of accessories with rotors, ring sieves and different types of collection systems, the ZM 200 can be easily adapted to suit a wide variety of applications.



Maximum Operating Comfort

The ZM 200 is very easy and safe to use. The parameters are readily set with one single button and a graphics display. Thus all relevant data (e.g. speed, drive load, operating hours or clear text error messages) are comfortably entered and clearly displayed.

With manual feeding of the sample, the performance display allows to monitor the load of the drive and to adjust the feed rate for optimum results. The electronic safety and diagnosis system virtually rules out operating errors.



ZM 200	Ultra Centrifugal Mill	
at a Glance		
Model	ZM 200	
Application	fine grinding	
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, chemistry/ plastics, construction materials, engineering/electronics, environment, food, geology/ metallurgy, medicine/ pharmaceuticals	
Feed material	soft, medium-hard, brittle, fibrous	
Performance data		
Feed size*	<10 mm	
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <40 μm	
Sample volume (nominal)		
with standard cassette	up to 300 ml (900 ml)	
with mini cassette	up to 20 ml (50 ml)	
with paper filter bag	up to 1,000 ml (3,000 ml)	
with cyclone	230 / 450 / 2,500 / 4,500 ml (250 / 500 / 3,000 / 5,000 ml)	
Speed range	6,000-18,000 min ⁻¹ , freely selectable	
Peripheral speed (rotor)	31-93 m/s	
Aperture sizes	0.08-10 mm	
Technical data		
Drive power	750 W	
WxHxD	410 x 515 x 365 mm	
Net weight	approx. 38 kg	
More information on	www.retsch.com/zm200	
*depending on feed material and instru	ment configuration	

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH's versatile ultra centrifugal mill processes, for example, chemical products, fertilizers, drugs, food and feed stuff, cereals, spices, bones, coal, plastics, plants, pharmaceutical products, powder coatings, refuse derived fuels etc.





Application example: Corn

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Retsch

SR 300 – Rapid Grinding of Large Volumes

Thanks to the robust design and the possibility to process large sample volumes the Rotor Beater Mill SR 300 can be used for sample preparation in the lab as well as for small scale production. Another field of application is continuous grinding and desagglomeration in the process line. Grinding chamber, feed hopper as well as material inlet and outlet are completely made of high-quality stainless steel. Thanks to the extensive free surface of the 360 °C ring sieves the SR 300 processes samples very rapidly. The wide range of accessories for this mill matches the wide range of applications.

The adjustable speed from 3,000 to 10,000 min⁻¹ allows for adaptation to different application requirements. The powerful drive capacity ensures high throughput with grind sizes down to < 50 microns. The mill provides results which are comparable to those achieved with the Ultra Centrifugal Mill ZM 200 but accepts larger batches. The feed hopper can be easily removed for cleaning.





Rotor Beater Mill SR 300 with base frame (option)

Benefits

- Accepts feed sizes up to 25 mm
- Final fineness d₉₀ < 50 µm*</p>
- Optional grinding inserts 180° for grinding of hardbrittle materials
- Defined final fineness due to bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 0.08 – 10 mm
- Quick cleaning thanks to removable sieve cassette, push-fit rotor and removable hopper
- Distance rotor for grinding temperature-sensitive samples
- Ring filter and collecting receptacle with convenient, dust-tight bayonet locking mechanism
- Optional cyclone for improved material discharge and additional cooling

Video on www.retsch.com/sr300

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Accessories and Options

The SR 300 is supplied with a 5 liter stainless steel collecting receptacle and a textile filter hose. A wide selection of accessories is available for optimum sample preparation:

- Sieve frame with ring sieve 360° Recommended for grinding soft to medium-hard, fibrous samples. Available aperture sizes: 0.08 mm – 10.00 mm.
- Grinding insert 180° with ring sieve 180° Recommended for grinding hard and brittle materials. Available aperture sizes: 0.08 mm – 10.00 mm.
- **Distance rotor** Recommended for grinding slightly oily and fatty or very soft substances.
- Ring-type filter Instead of the textile tube a ring-type filter made of stainless steel (aperture size 36 µm) can be installed to avoid cross-contamination.
- **Cyclone-suction-combination** Provides additional cooling of the feed material and the grinding tools and improves discharge of the sample from the grinding chamber. For collecting vessels 5/30 liters.
- Vibratory feeder DR 100 and 30 l collecting vessel Ideally suited for uniform material feed and for processing large volumes.

SR 300		Rotor Beater Mill
at a Glance		0.0.
	Model	SR 300
Application		size reduction, desagglomeration
Fields of application		agriculture, chemistry/plastics, construction materials, environment, food, medicine/ pharmaceuticals
Feed material		soft to medium-hard
Performance data		
Feed size*		< 25 mm
Final fineness*		d ₉₀ < 50 μm
Vessel capacity		5 or 30 l
Speed		3,000-10,000 min ⁻¹
Rotor peripheral speed		22-72 m/s
Aperture sizes		0.08-10 mm
Technical data		
Drive power		2,200 W
W x H x D		600 x 1,200 x 700 mm (with base frame)
Net weight		approx. 60 kg (with base frame)
More information on		www.retsch.com/sr300

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration



The SR 300 can be bench-mounted or installed on the optional base frame.

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH rotor beater mills are used for rapid size reduction of large volumes of materials such as construction materials, soil, chemicals, drugs, fertilizer, feed pellets, grain, spices, coal, pharmaceutical products, seeds etc.





Application example: Animal feed pellets

SK 300 – Hard-to-beat Size Reduction

The Cross Beater Mill SK 300 just like the Rotor Beater Mill SR 300 is used for batchwise or continuous primary and fine size reduction. This robust mill can be operated in laboratories but also in production environments under rougher conditions. The maximum material feed size is 25 mm. Thanks to the powerful drive and a rotor speed ranging from 2,000 to 4,000 min⁻¹, it is often possible to achieve a grind size <100 microns in one working step.

The SK 300 offers the highest possible degree of operating safety. If, for example, the off-switch is pressed or the door is opened, the motor brake ensures that the rotor will come to a standstill in less than 0.5 seconds. The feed hopper and the optimized sample outlet are equipped with an access barrier that also prevents sample splashback.

The SK 300 is robust, maintenance-free and thanks to the removable push-fit rotor and grinding insert it is quickly and easily cleaned. The high-quality finish of the mill guarantees a long working life.

Benefits

- Suitable for batchwise operation of large quantities
- Material feed size up to 25 mm
- Defined final fineness d₉₀ < 100 μm* due to exchangeable bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 0.12 - 10 mm
- Quick cleaning thanks to push-fit rotor and removable grinding insert
- Ring-type filter and collecting vessel with convenient, dust-tight bayonet locking mechanism

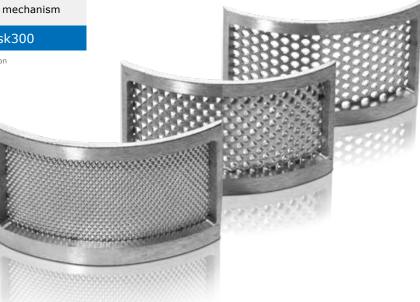
Video on www.retsch.com/sk300

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration



Retsch

Cross Beater Mill SK 300 with optional base frame



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Accessories and Options

The standard equipment supplied with the SK 300 includes a 5 liter stainless steel collecting receptacle and a textile filter hose. A wide selection of accessories is available for optimum sample preparation:

• Bottom sieves

Stainless steel with trapezoid or round holes; 15 aperture sizes from 0.12 – 10 mm.

- Bottom sieves, steel 1.0344 With trapezoid holes in 9 aperture sizes; for heavy-metalfree grinding.
- **Ring-type filter, stainless steel** Aperture size 36 µm, with or without dust filter; facilitates cleaning when very fine particles are involved.
- 30 liter collector

The 5 liter collecting receptacle can be replaced by a 30 liter collector which is connected to the mill with a corresponding filter hose.

• Cyclone-suction-combination

Provides additional cooling of the feed material and the grinding tools and improves discharge of the sample from the grinding chamber. For collecting vessels 5/30 liters.

• Vibratory feeder DR 100 Ideally suited for uniform material feed and for processing large volumes.

SK 300		Cross Beater Mill
at a Glance		00.
Ν	Model	SK 300
Application		size reduction
Fields of application		agriculture, chemistry/plastics, construction materials, environ- ment, geology/metallurgy, glass/ ceramics
Feed material		medium-hard, brittle
Performance data		
Feed size*		<25 mm
Final fineness*		d ₉₀ < 100 μm
Vessel capacity		5 or 30 l
Speed		2,000-4,000 min ⁻¹
Rotor peripheral speed		15.5-31 m/s
Aperture sizes		0.12-10 mm
Technical data		
Drive power		1,100 W
		600 x 1,200 x 700 mm
WxHxD		(with base frame)
W X H X D Net weight		(with base frame) approx. 55 kg (with base frame)

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration



The SK 300 can be bench-mounted or installed on the optional base frame.

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH cross beater mills are typically used for processing, for example, soil, ores, glass, coke, minerals, oxide ceramics, slag, gravel, cement clinker, etc.





Application example: Mortar

Retsch

TWISTER – Reproducible Sample Preparation to NIR Analysis

The Cyclone Mill TWISTER was specially designed for the processing of food and feeds for subsequent NIR (Near Infrared Spectroscopy) analysis. It quickly and gently pulverizes fibrous and soft materials by impact and friction to the required analytical fineness and is virtually self-cleaning.

The high speed and the optimized geometry of rotor and grinding chamber generate an air stream which carries the sample through the integrated cyclone into the sample bottle. The cyclone provides cooling of the sample and the grinding tools and due to its efficient extraction of the sample from the grinding chamber, avoids crosscontamination. This prevents loss of moisture and thermal degradation and ensures preservation of the sample properties to be determined. The ground material is separated in the cyclone and collected in a 250 ml sample bottle for full recovery.

With the optional connection of an industrial vacuum cleaner, the TWISTER is virtually self-cleaning.



Cyclone Mill TWISTER

Benefits

- 3 controlled speeds
- No cross-contamination thanks to easy cleaning
- Ideal for grinding feeds, grains, forage and similar products
- Convenient operating panel
- Professional industrial design ensures long lifetime

Video on www.retsch.com/twister



Accessories and Options

The Cyclone Mill TWISTER is supplied with the following components:

- Aluminum rotor
- Stainless steel grinding ring with CrWFe coating
- Two stainless steel sieve inserts (1 mm and 2 mm)
- Adapter for connection of vacuum cleaner
- Cyclone with filter bag and ten 250 ml sample bottles

Other accessories:

- Sieve insert 0.5 mm and 0.8 mm
- Industrial vacuum cleaner



TWISTER at a Glance		3
	Model	



Application	sample preparation to NIR analysis	
Fields of application	agriculture food & feeds, medicine/ pharmaceuticals	
Feed material	fibrous, soft	
Performance data		
Feed size*	<10 mm	
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <250 μm	
Batch size/sample volume* < 250 ml		
Speed	10,000 / 12,000 / 14,000 min ⁻¹	
Rotor peripheral speed	52 / 62 / 93 m/s	
Connection for vacuum		
Technical data		
Drive power 900 W		
W x H x D	449 x 427 x 283 mm	
Net weight	approx. 14 kg	

	+FF
More information on	www.retsch.com/twister

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

The Cyclone Mill TWISTER is perfectly suitable for grinding samples such as feed, grain, pharmaceutical products, tobacco, etc.





Application example: Hay 30



GRINDOMIX – The Industrial Standard for Food Samples

The Knife Mills GRINDOMIX GM 200 and GM 300 set standards in the preparation of food samples for subsequent analysis. They provide completely homogeneous and reproducible size reduction results in seconds so that representative samples can be taken from any location in the grinding container.

GRINDOMIX GM 200 – Perfect Homogenization with High Reproducibility

The Knife Mill GRINDOMIX GM 200 is designed for quick and reproducible pulverization of up to 700 ml sample material. Thanks to features like the powerful 1,000 W drive and the innovative Boost function, the GM 200 homogenizes even difficult samples like tough meat with skin or fibrous plants very quickly and efficiently.

The GM 200 is equipped with a user-friendly 4.3" touch display with direct access to the MyRETSCH web portal and allows for storage of 8 SOPs and 4 program sequences (combination of two process steps).

A wide selection of grinding containers and lids makes the mill easily adaptable to individual application requirements.

As the GRINDOMIX GM 200 is designed for professional use in industry and research, it is highly superior to any household mixer when it comes to safety and stability.



Benefits

- Pre- and fine grinding in one mill
- Variable speed up to 10,000 min⁻¹
- Touch display with direct access to the MyRETSCH web portal with product- and application-related information
- Boost function allows for short-term speed increase to 14,000 min⁻¹
- Interval mode for better mixing of the sample
- Control and advanced functionalities provided by optional Retsch App
- Storage of 8 SOPs and 4 program sequences possible

Video on www.retsch.com/gm

Gravity Lid Enables Variable Volumes







The gravity lid reduces the volume of the grinding container, thus allowing for thorough homogenization of the complete sample.

Retsch

GRINDOMIX GM 300 – For Sample Volumes up to 4.5 Liters

The Knife Mill GRINDOMIX GM 300 is the model for quick and reproducible pulverization and homogenization of larger sample volumes up to 4,500 ml.

With four sharp and robust blades and a powerful drive with a peak performance of 3 kW, the GM 300 is ideally suited to homogenize substances with a high water, oil or fat content as well as for the pulverization of dry, soft, medium-hard and fibrous products.

Benefits

- Efficient size reduction of up to 4,500 ml feed quantity due to a powerful 1.1 kW motor (peak power input >3 kW)
- Pre- and fine-grinding in one mill: cutting action in regular mode, grinding by impact in reverse mode, pre-grinding in interval mode
- Perfect adaptation to application requirements by variable speed from 500 to 4,000 min⁻¹ with an increment of 100 min⁻¹
- 10 Standard Operating Procedures can be stored
- Cryogenic sample preparation possible by using stainless steel container, full-metal knife and special lid



Knife Mill GRINDOMIX GM 300





Accessories and Options

A range of different containers and lids is available for the GRINDOMIX GM 200 and GM 300 for optimum adaptation to a particular application. These include:

- Patented gravity lid Automatically adjusts the grinding chamber volume to the changing sample volume.
- Gravity lid with overflow channels Ideally suited to homogenize samples with a high water content.
- Stainless steel container Minimum wear when hard sample materials are processed.

• Reduction lid

Reduces the chamber volume of the GM 200.

- Serrated blade knife Used for particularly tough samples such as fatty, streaky meat.
- Accessories for cryogenic grinding Applications with dry ice are carried out in the GM 300 with a full metal knife and a special lid.



Knife Mills		Knife Mills		
at a Glance				
	Model	GRINDOMIX GM 200	GRINDOMIX GM 300	

Application	size reduction, homogenization and mixing		
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, food, medicine / pharmaceuticals		
Feed material	soft, medium-hard, elastic, fibrous, containing water / fat / oil, dry		
Performance data			
Feed size*	<40 mm	<130 mm	
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ < 300 μm	d ₉₀ < 300 μm	
Batch size / sample volume*	< 700 ml	< 4,500 ml	
Speed setting	digital, 2,000-10,000 min ⁻¹	digital, 500-4,000 min ⁻¹	
Knife diameter	118 mm	180 mm	
Knife peripheral speed	12.4-62 m/s	4.8-38 m/s	
Number of blades	2	4	
Grinding time setting	digital, 1 s-3 min	digital, 5 s-3 min	
Interval and reverse mode possible	1	1	
Boost function	1	-	
Program sequences	1	-	
Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)	memory for 8 plus Quick Start	memory for 10	
Technical data			
Drive power	1,000 W	1,100 W (short-term peak 3,000 W)	
W x H x D	approx. 350 x 275 x 392 mm	approx. 440 x 340 x 440 mm	
Net weight	approx. 10 kg	approx. 30 kg	
More information on	www.retsch.com/gm200	www.retsch.com/gm300	

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

The GRINDOMIX Knife Mills GM 200 and GM 300 provide perfect homogenization of samples such as bread, fish, meat, feed pellets, cookies, vegetables, spices, cocoa nibs, seafood, cereal bars, fruit, seeds, deep-frozen food, sausages, etc.





Application example: Frozen pizza 34



SM 100, SM 200, SM 300 & SM 400 – The Perfect Cutting Mill for Every Requirement

The RETSCH cutting mills provide highly efficient primary size reduction of heterogeneous material mixes but are also suitable for grinding soft, medium-hard, elastic or fibrous samples. With the SM 100, SM 200, SM 300 and SM 400 RETSCH offers four models for different requirements.

SM 100 – The Budget-Priced Basic Model

The Cutting Mill SM 100 with a strong 1.5 kW motor and a speed of 1,500 min⁻¹ reliably comminutes products which do not require extremely high forces. It is particularly suitable for routine applications.

The budget-priced basic model can be equipped with two different push-fit rotors, push-fit bottom sieves with apertures from 0.25 to 20 mm and two different hoppers to adapt the mill to varying application requirements.

The SM 100 is easy to operate and clean. It can be mounted on a stable bench or on the optional base frame.

Benefits

- For routine applications at 1,500 min⁻¹
- Optimum cutting effects
- Quick and easy cleaning due to smooth surfaces and push-fit rotor and push-fit bottom sieves
- Defined final fineness due to bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 0.25 - 20 mm
- Highest safety standards

Video on www.retsch.com/sm



Retsch

SM 200 – The Universal Standard Model

Within the group of the RETSCH cutting mills, the SM 200 is the universal standard model which covers a vast range of applications with its strong 2.2 kW drive and 1,500 min⁻¹ rotor speed. Thanks to the double acting cutting bars, the SM 200 provides optimum cutting effects.

The SM 200 can be optionally equipped with a cyclone-suctioncombination for improved discharge of sample material, e.g. low density, fibrous material, from the grinding chamber. It can be used for volumes up to 30 I and provides cooling of the sample. The hopper can be folded back and the push-fit rotor and bottom sieves are easily removed for cleaning.

Benefits

- Powerful size reduction with 2.2 kW drive
- Quick and easy cleaning due to fold-back hopper, smooth surfaces and push-fit rotor
- Defined final fineness due to bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 0.25 - 20 mm
- Cyclone-Suction Combination available
- Wide range of accessories including various hoppers, collection systems, rotors and sieves
- Highest safety standards due to engine brake, central locking device, electronic safety check and base frame
- 18 cutting events per rotation with parallel section rotor

Video on www.retsch.com/sm



Superiority in Detail



Push fit rotors facilitate quick and easy cleaning



3 double acting cutting bars provide optimum cutting effects (SM 200 & SM 300)



Cyclone-suction-combination ensures adequate cooling of sample and cutting tools (SM 200 & SM 300)

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Retsch

SM 300 – The High Performance Model with RES Technology

The RETSCH Cutting Mill SM 300 offers particularly powerful size reduction, optimized cutting effects and easy cleaning. To allow for best possible adaptation to the sample properties with regards to breaking behavior and temperature sensitivity, the SM 300 features a variable speed from 700 to 3,000 min⁻¹. It can be adapted to successfully process both tough and thermally sensitive materials.

A reduction of speed demonstrably decreases the fines fraction of the ground sample as well as the heat development. An additional flywheel mass accounts for a very high torque which enables the SM 300 to grind many materials to analytical fineness in only one working run (RES technology).

The design of the grinding chamber geometry promotes good feeding properties for high sample throughput. It is possible to connect the cyclone-suction unit to the SM 300.

Benefits

- Powerful size reduction thanks to 3 kW drive with high torque and RES technology
- Perfect adaptation to application requirements by variable speed from 100 to 3,000 min⁻¹
- Optimum cutting effects thanks to double acting cutting bars
- Quick and easy cleaning due to fold-back hopper, smooth surfaces and push-fit rotor
- Defined final fineness due to bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 0.25 - 20 mm
- Wide range of accessories including various hoppers, collection systems, push-fit rotors and sieves
- Highest safety standards due to engine brake, central locking device, electronic safety check and base frame
- 18 cutting events per rotation with parallel section rotor

Video on www.retsch.com/sm



SM 400 – The Cutting Mill for Large Sample Pieces and Volumes

The Cutting Mill SM 400 is suitable for primary cutting of large sample pieces measuring up to 170 x 220 mm, but can also achieve the required final fineness in one step, depending on the application. The high torque of the innovative 3 kW drive allows for particularly effective primary size reduction of heterogeneous material mixes like waste or electronic components.

The cutting mill can also be successfully used for a variety of other materials. The sample is only slightly warmed which makes this mill suitable for processing heat-sensitive materials. The large 240 x 240 mm surface of the bottom sieves and the wide opening of the hopper allow for comminution of large sample volumes which results in a high sample throughput.

The SM 400 can be equipped with the optional cyclone-suction unit for easy processing of low density materials. Thanks to a variety of sieves, hoppers and collecting vessels the mill can be adapted to individual application requirements. Further options include an outlet for continuous grinding processes.



Cutting Mill SM 400



Benefits

- Powerful size reduction thanks to 3 kW drive
- Optimum cutting effects
- Accepts large feed sizes up to 170 mm x 220 mm
- Cyclone-suction unit and continuous outlet available
- Quick and easy cleaning due to fold-back hopper, smooth surfaces
- Defined final fineness due to bottom sieves with aperture sizes from 1 - 20 mm







Accessories and Options

A comprehensive range of accessories allows for quick adaptation to individual application requirements. All three models (SM 100, SM 200 and SM 300) are available in a special version for heavy-metal-free grinding (mill, rotor, sieves).

Rotors

- The parallel section rotor is equipped with 3 cutting plates and suitable for universal use
- The 6-disc rotor with its 18 replaceable and reversible hard metal cutting tips is mostly used for medium-hard and brittle materials and for preliminary cutting of coarse goods (SM 100, SM 200 & SM 300)
- The V rotor (only SM 300) very effectively cuts through fibrous and tough materials and promotes rapid sample discharge.

Cyclone-suction-combination (SM 200, SM 300 & SM 400)

- Efficient cooling of sample and cutting tools
- Beneficial for low-density materials and small sample amounts
- Especially suitable for large sample volume
- The cyclone accommodates sample bottles of 0.5 - 1 - 2 - 5 and 30 liters

Other accessories

- Universal or long stock hopper (SM 200, SM 300)
- Sieves from 0.25 to 20 mm, also for heavy-metalfree grinding (SM 200, SM 300) respectively 1–20 mm (SM 400)
- Collecting vessels from 0.25 I sample bottle to 30 liter plastic receptacle
- Stainless steel ring-type filter or textile filter hose help to remove dust
- Sieves with slotted holes available (SM 400)





Cutting Mills at a Glance



Application	size reduction by cutting				
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, chemicals / plastics, food, engineering / electronics, medicine / pharmaceuticals, environment / recycling				
Feed material	soft, medium-hard, elastic, fibrous				
Performance data					
Feed size*	max. 60 x 80 mm	max. 60 x 80 mm	max. 60 x 80 mm	max. 170 x 220 mm	
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <250 μm	d ₉₀ < 250 μm	d ₉₀ <250 μm	d ₉₀ < 1,000 μm	
Rotor speed at 50 Hz	1,500 min ⁻¹	1,500 min ⁻¹	100-3,000 min ⁻¹	280 min ⁻¹	
Cutting bars	standard	double acting	double acting	standard	
Rotors	6-disc rotor and parallel section rotor	6-disc rotor and 6-disc rotor, parallel sec- parallel section rotor tion rotor and V rotor		parallel section rotor	
Hoppers	fixed	foldback	foldback	foldback	
Collecting receptacle					
Standard	5 I	5	51	5	
Options	0.25 / 0.5 / 30 l	0.25 / 0.5 / 30 l	0.25 / 0.5 / 30	0.25 / 0.5 / 30 l	
Cyclone (option)	-	0.5 / 1 / 2 / 5 / 30	0.5 / 1 / 2 / 5 / 30	0.5 / 1 / 2 / 5 / 30	
Technical data					
Drive	3-phase-motor	3-phase-motor	frequency-controlled 3-phase-motor	3-phase motor	
Drive power	1,500 W	3,000 W 2,200 W with flywheel mass (approx. 28.5 kg)		3,000 W	
Motor brake	✓	1	1	1	
W x H x D (with base frame and universal hopper)	582 x 1,675 x 700 mm	576 x 1,675 x 760 mm	576 x 1,677 x 750 mm	695 x 1,399 x 719 mm	
Net weight	approx. 73 kg without base frame, hopper and rotor	approx. 90 kg without hopper and rotor	approx. 160 kg without hopper and rotor	approx. 180 kg without hopper	
More information on	www.retsch.com/sm100	www.retsch.com/ sm200	www.retsch.com/ sm300	www.retsch.com/ sm400	

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH cutting mills are suitable for a vast range of applications. Typical samples include lignite, non-ferrous metals, electronic scrap, drugs, foils, feedstuff, spices, rubber, wood, cables, bones, plastics, leather, organic and inorganic waste, paper, cardboard, plants, refuse derived fuels, straw, etc.





Application example: wood

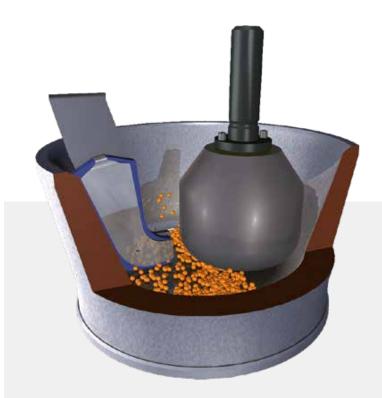
Retsch

RM 200 – The Classic Mill for Grinding, Mixing, Trituration

The RM 200 is the latest generation of the classic "RETSCH Mill" which replaced manual mortars and pestles more than 90 years ago. Mortar grinders are widely used for reproducible sample preparation in R&D, materials testing and especially in pharmaceutics and homeopathy. The versatile RM 200 efficiently homogenizes a variety of materials in dry and wet condition and is the perfect choice for cryogenic disruption of large quantities of yeast cells.

The grinding sets of the RM 200 can be selected out of 7 different materials which ensures neutral-to-analysis sample preparation. The mill is efficient, safe and easy to operate. It achieves a final fineness < 10 μ m and provides a useable volume of 10 ml to 190 ml. The maximum feed size depends on the properties of the material and is approx. 8 mm. The sample, or any additives like liquids, can be fed to the mill during operation.

The contact pressure of the pestle is conveniently set via a scale; the positions of the pestle and the scraper are adjustable. The RM 200 features a performance display which indicates the current workload of the mill for maximum efficiency.





Benefits

- Reproducible results by adjustment of the pestle pressure (via a scale) and digital time setting
- Easy exchange of pestle and mortar without tools
- Closed grinding chamber with windows
- Digital time setting from 0 to 99 min or continuous operation
- 7 different grinding set materials ensure neutral-toanalysis sample preparation
- High-performance drive with electronic control

Video on www.retsch.com/rm200

Accessories and Options

The choice of the suitable grinding set material depends primarily on the hardness of the sample and the possible effects of abrasion on the subsequent analysis or further processing.

• Hard porcelain

suitable for pharmaceutical and homeopathic products.

- Hard procelain or sintered aluminum oxide (Al₂O₃) suitable for soft to medium-hard or pasty substances.
- Agate, zirconium oxide or tungsten carbide suitable for processing hard, abrasive materials, for longterm trials and heavy-metal-free grinding.
- Hardened or stainless steel suitable for non-abrasive samples and rough conditions. Stainless steel is also the material of choice for grinding frozen yeast cells.

The standard scraper is made from abrasion-resistant polyurethane (PU). For applications in the pharmaceutical industry a special beech wood version is available. A PTFE scraper is particularly suitable for cryogenic grinding. The mortar of the RM 200 has a maximum useable volume of 190 ml.



RM 200	Mortar Grinder
at a Glance	
Model	RM 200
Application	grinding, mixing and triturating
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, chemistry / plastics, construction materials, food, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals
Feed material	soft, hard, brittle, pasty, dry and wet
Performance data	
Feed size*	<8 mm
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <10 μm
Batch size / sample volume*	10-190 ml
Setting grinding time	1-99 min / continuous
Setting pestle pressure/ position	via scale
Setting scraper position	via knob
Setting scraper pressure	via knob
Technical data	
Drive power	130 W
Speed	100 min ⁻¹
Protection code	IP 53
W x H x D	approx. 400 x 480 x 370 mm
Net weight	approx. 24 kg
More information on	www.retsch.com/rm200

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH's Mortar Grinder RM 200 is used for dry, wet and cryogenic grinding of materials such as ash, soil, chemicals, drugs, spices, frozen yeast cells, food, oil seed, pharmaceutical and homeopathic raw materials and finished products, salt, slag, silicates, cement clinker, etc.





before

Application example: Cocoa nibs

Retsch

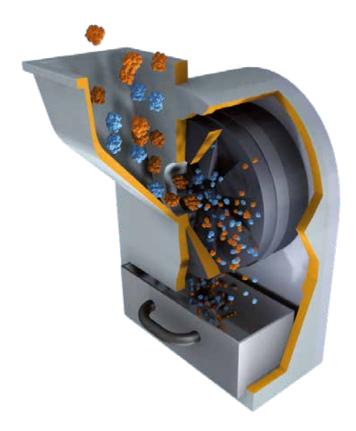
DM 200, DM 400 – Grinding Even the Hardest Products

The Disc Mills DM 200 and DM 400 process large batches of hard and abrasive materials and are also suitable for continuous operation. Their rugged design permits use under rough conditions in laboratories and pilot plants as well as in-line for quality control of raw materials.

The disc mills achieve an average final fineness of approximately 50 microns, often in a single grinding process. The comfort model DM 400 is particularly convenient and safe to handle. A major advantage of the mill is the large sample feed size, with an edge length of up to 20 mm.

The gap between the grinding discs can be adjusted via a scale with an accuracy of 0.05 mm (DM 400) resp. 0.1 mm (DM 200) which ensures reproducible grinding results. Operation of the RETSCH Disc Mills is very easy. When the grinding process is finished, the hinged grinding chamber can be opened completely, providing easy access for cleaning and changing the grinding discs. The DM 200 and DM 400 may be equipped with an optional connecting piece for a dust extraction.





Benefits

- Short grinding times, high final fineness d_{q0} < 50 μm*</p>
- Material feed size up to 20 mm
- Grinding discs made from 4 different materials, with long working life
- Easy access to grinding chamber facilitates cleaning
- Combination of DM 200 with Jaw Crusher BB 200 permits pre- and fine grinding in one step

Video on www.retsch.com/dm

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Accessories and Options

A set of grinding discs consists of a fixed and a rotating disc. The material should be selected so that contamination of the sample is avoided and abrasion minimized. 4 different materials are available.

- Hardened steel suitable for standard applications, e.g. minerals with Mohs hardness 3 – 6.
- Manganese steel suitable for standard applications. The structure of manganese steel is compacted by pressure, thus getting harder with usage (strain hardening).
- Tungsten carbide (WC) suitable for extremely hard products with Mohs hardness > 6.
- Zirconium oxide suitable for heavy-metal-free grinding, e.g. of dental ceramics.

After a long period of use the grinding discs will show signs of wear. However, before they need to be replaced, the opposite side of the teeth can also be used by changing the direction of rotation of the motor. This considerably extends the working life of the grinding discs. Disc Mills at a Glance



Application	preliminary and fine comminution		
Fields of application	chemistry / plastics, construction materials, engineering / electronics, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics		
Feed material	medium-hard, hard, brittle		
Performance data			
Feed size*	< 20 mm < 20 mm		
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ < 100 μm d ₉₀ < 50 μm		
Hopper volume/Throughput	2.5 l / up to 150 kg/h 2.5 l / up to 150 kg/h		
Gap width setting	continuous, 0.1–5 mm gradually, 0.05–12 mm		
Grinding disc speed at 50 Hz	440 min ⁻¹ 440 min ⁻¹		
Technical data			
Drive power	1,500 W 1,500 W		
W x H x D	approx. 440 x 400 x 870 mm approx. 520 x 630 x 1,0		
Net weight	approx. 140 kg approx. 240 kg		
More information on	www.retsch.com/dm200 www.retsch.com/dm40		
*depending on feed material and instrument configuration			

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration



Typical Sample Materials

Disc mills are suitable for grinding very hard materials like bauxite, dental ceramics, ores, gypsum, glass, dried soil, sewage sludge, coal, coke, quartz, slag, sintered ceramics, steatite, etc.





Application example: Clinker



Vibratory Disc Mills - Ultrafine Grinding for Spectral Analyses

No grinder can beat the speed of a Vibratory Disc Mill when it comes to preparing samples for spectral analyses. With the RS 200 and RS 300 RETSCH offers two models for different applications.

RS 200 – Analytical Fineness in Seconds

RETSCH's RS 200 with its powerful stabilized plane drive achieves grind sizes <20 microns within seconds and with excellent reproducibility. The powerful instrument runs steadily and smoothly, even with heavy grinding sets and at maximum speed.

Thanks to grinding sets in various materials and sizes, this mill can be used for a wide range of sample materials. Sensors detect grinding sets made of agate or tungsten carbide and automatically reduce the speed to the ideal setting for optimum results while protecting the grinding tools.

Handling and operation of the RS 200 are user-friendly and ergonomic. A carry handle facilitates transport of the heavy grinding set which slides along a rail into the optimum position inside the mill. The new quick-action clamping device permits rapid and safe fixing of the grinding set with minimum force. The correct locking and position of the grinding jar is monitored by sensors.

Benefits

- Speed range 700 min⁻¹ to 1,500 min⁻¹, freely selectable
- New ergonomic design allows for back-friendly placing of the heavy grinding set which slides on a rail into the correct position inside the mill
- Quick-action clamping system for grinding set
- Memory for 10 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Sealed, noise-insulated grinding chamber
- New carry handle allows for comfortable and safe transport of grinding set
- Automatic detection of agate and tungsten carbide (speed reduction to 700 min⁻¹ resp. 1,200 min⁻¹)

Video on www.retsch.com/rs200



Vibratory Disc Mill RS 200

RS 300 – For Large Sample Volumes

The Vibratory Disc Mill RS 300 XL is suitable for the extremely quick, loss-free and reproducible grinding of medium-hard, brittle and fibrous materials to analytical fineness. Up to 4 samples may be processed simultaneously. Thanks to the robust universal drive shaft, which sets the grinding jar into a 3-D motion, this mill accepts grinding set weights of up to 30 kg. The closed grinding system guarantees complete processing of the sample.

Just like the RS 200, the RS 300 XL with its robust design has proven to be ideal for applications in geology, mineralogy, metallurgy, as well as in the building materials sector (cement) and in power plants.

Due to the high end fineness and speed the RETSCH Vibratory Disc Mills are the perfect choice when it comes to preparing samples for spectral analysis.

Benefits

- Reproducible results and homogeneous samples thanks to universal drive shaft (3D vibration of grinding sets)
- Auto-reverse function (left/right rotation)
- Programmable interval function (start/ stop automatic)
- Grinding jar volumes from 100 ml up to 2,000 ml
- Pneumatic grinding-jar clamping (with air-pressure) for convenient and safe handling
- Additional safety feature: Mill only starts when the pneumatic pressure is correct
- Optional AutoLifter for ergonomic lifting of heavy grinding sets

Video on www.retsch.com/rs200



Vibratory Disc Mill RS 300

Accessories and Options

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Thanks to a variety of sizes and materials of the grinding sets, the RS 200 and RS 300 are suitable for a wide range of applications.

A grinding set for the vibratory disc mill consists of a grinding dish with cover and a grinding disc. The 100 ml and 250 ml grinding sets contain an additional grinding ring. The grinding sets are characterized by the following features:

- Safe, non-slip attachment with anti-twist lock on cover and base
- User-friendly gripping on cover and base
- Gap between dish and cover edge for easy opening
- Optimum sealing with O-ring (ideal for wet grinding)
- Protective jacket made from stainless steel (for agate, zirconium oxide and tungsten carbide dishes)
- Clear grinding set identification (article number, material and volume)

The 800, 1,000 and 2,000 ml grinding sets consist of a grinding jar with lid and a grinding disc with opening which supports perfect mixing of large sample quantities.





Available Grinding Sets

Grinding set	50 ml with puck	100 ml with puck and ring	250 ml with puck and ring	800 ml with large grinding disc	1,000 ml with large grinding disc	2,000 ml with large grinding disc
Hardened Steel	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stainless Steel	-	-	-	-	-	1
Chrome Steel	_	1	_	J	1	1
Steel 1.1740	1	-	1	-	-	-
Tungsten Carbide	1	1	1	_	-	-
Zirconium Oxide	1	1	-	-	-	_
Agate	1	1	_	_	_	_

RS 200 and RS 300 at a Glance	Vibratory Disc Mills		
Model	RS 200	RS 300	
Application	size reduction, mixing, triturating		

Application	size reduction, mixing, triturating			
Fields of application	construction materials, environment / recycling, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics			
Feed material	medium-hard, hard, brittle, fibrous			
Performance data				
Feed size*	<15 mm	< 20 mm		
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <20 μm	d ₉₀ < 20 μm		
Batch size / sample volume*	15–250 ml	35–2,000 ml		
Speed settings	700 min ⁻¹ -1,500 min ⁻¹	912 min ⁻¹		
Digital grinding time setting	00:01-99:59 min	00:01-59:59 min		
Technical data				
Drive power	1,500 W	2,200 W		
W x H x D (closed)	approx. 836 x 1,220 x 780 mm	approx. 1,150 x 1,400 x 810 mm		
W x H x D (with opened cover)	approx. 836 x 1,900 x 780 mm approx. 1,150 x 2,100 x 8			
Net weight	approx. 210 kg	approx. 400 kg		
More information on	www.retsch.com/rs200	www.retsch.com/rs400		
*depending on feed material and instrument configurat	ion			

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH's Vibratory Disc Mill RS 200 rapidly pulverizes materials such as concrete, soil, ores, glass, ceramics, coal, coke, corundum, metal oxides, minerals, slag, silicate, cement, cement clinker etc.





Application example: Slag

Retsch

XRD-Mill McCrone – Rapid Particle Size Reduction for X-Ray Diffraction

The XRD-Mill McCrone was specifically developed for sample preparation to X-Ray diffraction analysis. Typical areas of application include geology, chemistry, mineralogy and materials science.

What makes this mill so effective is the unique grinding action of the cylinders producing both linear contact blows and planar shearing. This results in short grinding times with virtually no sample loss as well as exceptionally narrow particle size distributions. The crystal lattice structure of the sample is largely preserved.

The grinding vessel consists of a 125 ml polypropylene jar fitted with a screw-capped gasketless polyethylene closure. The jar is packed with an ordered array of forty-eight identical cylindrical grinding elements which are available in either agate, zirconium oxide or sintered corundum. For optimum micronization the mill is operated for periods of 3 to 30 minutes; the recommended sample volume is 2 to 4 ml.

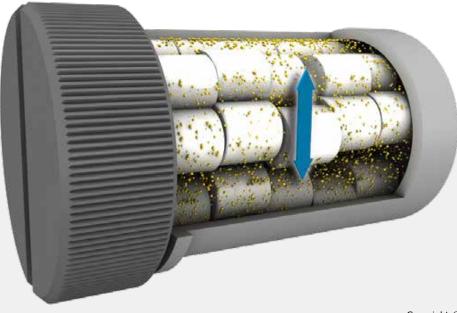


XRD-Mill McCrone

Benefits

- Minimum sample contamination
- Narrow, reproducible particle size distribution
- Pouring lid for easy sample recovery
- Timer up to 99h:59min:50s
- Grinding performance adjustable in 4 steps
- Suitable for dry and wet grinding

Video on www.retsch.com/xrd-mill



Functional principle XRD-Mill McCrone

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Advantages of Wet Grinding

Both dry and wet grinding are basically suitable methods for sample preparation. Wet grinding causes minimum modifications to the sample's crystal lattice structure. When grinding has finished the lid is removed from the jar and replaced with the pouring lid for sample recovery. The ground slurry is then poured out. Repeated washing with liquid helps to remove sample residues from the grinding jar.

Accessories and Options

- Grinding jar with lid and pouring lid
- Agate, zirconium oxide or sintered corundum grinding elements
- Loading device for grinding cylinder
- Sample preparation kit
- (Stainless steel percussion mortar, 10 sintered corundum cylinders, 1 sieve 500 μm and 1 cleaning brush)



XRD-Mill McCrone at a Glance



Application	size reduction, mixing, triturating		
Fields of application	biology, construction materials, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics		
Feed material	medium-hard, hard, brittle, fibrous		
Performance data			
Feed size*	< 500 µm		
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <1 μm		
Batch size/sample volume*	2-4 ml		
Speed setting	1,000 – 1,500 min ⁻¹ in 4 steps		
Timer	00:00:10-99:59:50		
Technical data			
Drive power	50 W		
WxHxD	205 x 155 x 520 mm		
Net weight	approx. 19 kg		
More information on	www.retsch.com/xrd-mill		

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

The XRD-Mill McCrone provides excellent grinding results for materials such as asbestos, borides, carbides, glass, glimmer, graphite, liver and muscular tissue, nitrides, paper, pigments, saw dust, slate, silicides, straw, talcum, clay, cement etc.





Application example: Glimmer

Retsch

CryoMill – Efficient Grinding at -196 °C

Thermally sensitive and elastic substances are successfully processed by cooling with liquid nitrogen. The CryoMill was specifically designed for cryogenic grinding. It features an integrated cooling system which continually cools the grinding jar with liquid nitrogen before and during the grinding process. Thus the sample is embrittled and volatile components are preserved.

The liquid nitrogen is continually supplied from an autofill system in the exact amount required to keep the temperature at -196 °C. Thus the user never comes into direct contact with LN₂ which ensures a high degree of operational safety. The automatic cooling system guarantees that the grinding process is not started before the sample is thoroughly cooled. This helps to reduce consumption and guarantees optimum grinding results.

Parameters such as oscillation frequency, pre-cooling time or grinding time can be digitally set via a clearly structured keypad. If longer grinding times are required, it is also possible to pre-select periods of intermediate cooling and the number of cryogenic cycles. The mill can also be operated without cooling which makes it suitable for a vast range of applications.





Benefits

- Fast, efficient cryogenic grinding at -196°C
- Particularly safe due to autofill system for liquid nitrogen
- Efficient grinding at up to 30 Hz
- Automatic pre-cooling of sample and grinding jar for optimum results
- Low consumption of liquid nitrogen
- Grinding jar materials include PTFE, stainless steel, hardened steel or zirconium oxide
- Memory for 9 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Suitable for dry and wet grinding

Video on www.retsch.com/cryomill

Accessories and Options

The CryoMill is equipped with one grinding station for screwtop grinding jars with volumes of 10 ml, 25 ml, 35 ml or 50 ml. It is also possible to use adapters for 4 grinding jars of 5 ml each as well as for 6 reaction vials of 2 ml each. For applications where steel jars cannot be used due to possible sample contamination, RETSCH offers a 25 ml grinding jar of zirconium oxide and matching grinding balls. Alternatively, grinding jars of PTFE are available.



LN₂ Feed

For safe and comfortable operation of the CryoMill, RETSCH provides an autofill system for liquid nitrogen which is available with a 50 liter container and provides cooling for approximately 5 hours. It is also possible to connect existing cryo tanks to the mill, using a connection tube with safety valve.



CryoMill	Mixer Mill
at a Glance	
Model	CryoMill
Application	size reduction, mixing, homogenization, cell disruption
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, chemistry / plastics, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment / recycling, food, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals
Feed material	hard, medium-hard, soft, brittle, elastic, fibrous
Performance data	
Feed size*	<8 mm
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ < 5 μm
Batch/Sample volume*	< 20 ml
Typical grinding time	Pre-cooling: 10 min, Grinding: 4 min
Possible applications Cryogenic grinding Grinding at room temperature Wet grinding Dry grinding Cell disruption No. of grinding stations	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ max. 6 x 2 ml 1
Digital pre-selection of vibrational frequency	5-30 Hz (300-1,800 min ⁻¹)
Digital pre-selection of grinding time	30 s-99 min

Technical data

Memory for Standard

Operating Procedures (SOP)

More information on	www.retsch.com/cryomill
Net weight	approx. 45 kg
W x H x D	395 x 373 x 577 mm
Drive power	200 W
Technical data	

*depending on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

Due to the automatic embrittlement of the samples the CryoMill is suitable for pulverizing, for example, waste, soil, chemical products, tissue, hair, wood, sewage sludge, bones, plastics, oil seed, paper, plants, pills, textiles, animal feed, wool etc.





Application example: Rubber duck

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MM 200 – Grinding and Mixing of Dry Samples

The Mixer Mill MM 200 is a versatile and compact benchtop instrument designed for dry grinding of small sample volumes. It mixes and homogenizes powders within seconds.

For neutral-to-analysis pulverization the standard grinding jars with push-fit lid are available in 6 materials and 4 sizes. This basic model may be used for biological cell disruption and for DNA/RNA recovery, just like the MM 400. Various reaction vials and adapters are on offer for this type of application.

Benefits

- Reproducible, efficient grinding, mixing and homogenization in seconds
- Powerful grinding by impact and friction, up to 25 Hz for up to 20 samples per run
- Memory for 9 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Wide range of accessories including various jar and ball sizes, adapter racks, grinding tool materials

Video on www.retsch.com/mm200



Mixer Mill MM 200



MM 400 – Grinding, Mixing, Disrupting Small Sample Amounts

The Mixer Mill MM 400 is a true multipurpose talent in the lab. It has been developed specifically for dry, wet and cryogenic grinding of small sample amounts. The powerful ball mill grinds, mixes and homogenizes powders and suspensions with up to 30 Hz within a few seconds, providing grind sizes in the submicron range.

The mixer mill simultaneously pulverizes two samples from 0.2 to 20 ml. Thanks to the self-centering mechanism of the grinding jars and the self-locking clamping device handling of the grinding jars is extraordinarily safe and convenient. The MM 400 is perfectly suitable for the disruption of up to 20 samples of biological cells in one working run as well as for DNA/RNA and protein extraction. The MM 400 can also be used for wet grinding due to the screw-top grinding jars; these may also be embrittled in liquid nitrogen for cryogenic applications.

The mill operates so effectively that the sample is hardly warmed due to the very short grinding time. Thus most materials can be pulverized and mixed at ambient temperature, without any cooling. Thanks to the effective homogenization process, the MM 400 is also perfectly suited to mix powdered sample and binder in plastic vessels prior to pelletizing, for example for XRF analysis.

Accessories for MM 400





Benefits

- Suitable for dry, wet and cryogenic grinding
- High sample throughput due to two grinding stations and short grinding times
- Digital parameter setting ensures reproducible results
- Memory for 9 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Adapter for single-use vials, simultaneous preparation of up to 20 biological samples
- Suitable for cell disruption of up to 240 ml (8 x 30 ml) cell suspension
- Suitable for mixing up to 8 samples in 50 ml centrifuge tubes

Video on www.retsch.com/mm400

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MM 500 – From Fast Pulverization to Long-term Grinding

The MM 500 is the first mixer mill worldwide with a frequency of 35 Hz which produces enough energy for efficient wet grinding of samples down to the nanometer range - with only minor warming effects.

Performance, handling, application fields and design of the MM 500 make it the perfect combination of a classic mixer mill and a planetary ball mill. It is perfectly suited for long-term grinding processes of several hours with high energy input to obtain particles sizes <1 μ m, e. g. for mechanical alloying or chemical reactions. The MM 500 offers the benefit of not requiring cooling breaks due to a very moderate temperature increase during grinding. It is also more easy to handle than a planetary ball mill.

The user-friendly clamping system facilitates safe operation. For periodic sample extraction, the jars remain conveniently clamped which is particularly beneficial for complex applications like mechanochemical synthesis.

The benchtop unit is also used for classic dry, wet and cryogenic grinding of sample volumes up to 2 x 45 ml in one step. This powerful mill mixes and pulverizes powders and suspensions in a matter of seconds.



Mixer Mill MM 500

Benefits

- Suitable for continuous long-term grinding and efficient pulverization with high energy input
- Powerful grinding with up to 35 Hz
- 3 different grinding modes (dry, wet or cryogenic)
- Grinding jar volumes 50 ml, 80 ml, 125 ml, pressure-tight up to 5 bar
- Jar design allows full use of the volume, also for wet grinding
- Jars remain conveniently clamped for periodic sample extraction
- Grinding jars available in 4 materials
- Can be controlled via optional RETSCH App
- 12 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) and 4 program cycles with up to 99 repititions may be stored

Video on www.retsch.com/mm500



Screw-Lock grinding jar with integrated safety closure device and aeration lid.





Accessories and Options

The MM 400 can be equipped with screw-top grinding jars from 1.5 ml to 50 ml. Available materials include hardened steel, stainless steel, tungsten carbide, agate, zirconium oxide, PTFE.

RETSCH offers various adapters to accommodate 0.2 - 50 ml single-use vials for cell disruption and DNA/RNA as well as protein extraction. These are also perfectly suited for simultaneously mixing a number of samples.

Benefits of screw-top grinding jars for MM 400:

- 3 different grinding modes (dry, wet or cryogenic)
- Ultimate reproducibility by automatic centering and uniform jar design
- Ergonomic gripping flanges on jar and lid
- Stainless steel protective jacket (for agate, zirconium oxide and tungsten carbide jars)

For the MM 500 Screw-Lock grinding jars are available in 3 different sizes (50 ml, 80 ml and 125 ml) and in 4 materials (hardened steel, stainless steel, zirconium oxide and tungsten carbide).

Benefits of Screw-Lock grinding jars:

- Suitable for dry, wet and cryogenic grinding
- High-impact and high-friction mode
- Pressure-tight up to 5 bar
- Flat jar lid allows for full use of jar volume which is particularly beneficial for wet grinding and pulverization of fibrous samples





CyroKit

The CryoKit is a cost efficient solution for occasional cryogenic grinding. This set of insulated containers, tongs and safety glasses is used for pre-cooling the grinding jar in liquid nitrogen.

- The CryoKit for the MM 400 consists of 2 insulated containers (1 and 4 liter), 2 pairs of grinding jar tongs and 1 pair of safety glasses.
- The CryoKit for the MM 500 consists of 1 insulated container (4 liter), 2 grinding jar holders and 1 pair of safety glasses.



Mixer Mills	Mixer Mills		
at a Glance			
Model	MM 200	MM 400	MM 500
Application	mechanochemistry, me	echanical alloying, size reduction, mi cell disruption, cryogenic grinding	xing, homogenization,
	agriculture, biology, chemistry / plastics, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment / recycling, food, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals, materials science		
Fields of application		· · · ·	•

Performance data			
Feed size*	<6 mm	< 8 mm	≤ 10 mm
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <10 μm	d ₉₀ < 5 μm	~ 0.1 µm
Batch size/sample volume*	2 x 10 ml	2 x 20 ml	max. 2 x 45 ml
Typical grinding time	30 s-2 min	30 s-2 min	30 s – 2 min
Possible applications			
Dry grinding	\checkmark	1	1
Wet grinding	-	1	1
Cryogenic grinding	-	1	1
Cell disruption in single-use vials	max. 10 x 2.0 ml	max. 20 x 2.0 ml or 10 x 5.0 mll or 8 x 30 ml / 50 ml	_
Mixing with conical centrifuge tubes	-	✓ ✓	_
Suitable grinding jars			
Grinding jar with push-fit lids	1.5-25 ml	-	-
Grinding jars with screw-top lids	-	1.5-50 ml	50 ml / 80ml / 125 ml
Self-centering clamping device	-	J	1
No. of grinding stations	2	2	2
Digital pre-selection of vibrational frequency	3-25 Hz (180-1,500 min ⁻¹)	3–30 Hz (180–1,800 min ⁻¹)	3 – 35 Hz (180 - 2,100 min ⁻¹
Digital pre-selection of grinding time	10 s-99 min	10 s-99 min	10 s-99 h
Memory for Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)	9	9	12
Storable program cycles with up to 99 repititions	-	-	1
Control via optional RETSCH App	-	_	1
Technical data			
Drive power	85 W	120 W	750 W
WxHxD	371 x 266 x 461 mm	371 x 266 x 461 mm	690 x 375 x 585 mm
Net weight	approx. 25 kg	approx. 26 kg	approx. 60 kg

More information on www.retsch.com/mm200 www.retsch.com/mm400 www.retsch.com/mm500

 $\ast \mbox{depending}$ on feed material and instrument configuration

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH mixer mills are true allrounders. They homogenize, for example, waste, soil, chemical products, coated tablets, drugs, ores, grain, tissue, glass, hair, ceramics, bones, plastics, alloys, minerals, oil seeds, plants, sewage sludge, pills, textiles, wool etc.





Application example: Hair

Emax – The Revolution in Ultrafine Grinding

The Emax is an entirely new type of ball mill for high energy milling. The unique combination of high friction and impact results in extremely fine particles within a very short time. The high energy input is a result of the unrivaled speed of 2,000 min⁻¹ and the novel jar design.

The size reduction principle of the Emax combines the benefits of different mill types: high frequency impact (mixer mill), intensive friction (vibratory disc mill), and controlled circular jar movements (planetary ball mill) result in unmatched crushing performance.

An innovative cooling system with water ensures that the high energy input is effectively used for the grinding process without overheating the sample. Due to the special grinding jar geometry, the sample is thoroughly mixed which results in a narrow particle size distribution. Unlike other high energy ball mills, the Emax is capable of continuous grinding operation without interruptions for cooling down. This dramatically reduces the grinding time. The high energy ball mill provides perfect conditions for effective mechanical alloying or grinding down to the nanometer range.

Features such as the integrated safety closure of the grinding jar, control of the set temperature with automatic speed reduction, and integrated imbalance controls make operation of the bench-top mill Emax very user-friendly.





Benefits

- Faster and finer grinding than with any other ball mill
- Unmatched speed of 2,000 min⁻¹ allows for extremely rapid size reduction down to the nanometer range
- Innovative integrated liquid cooling allows for continuous operation without cool down breaks
- Temperature control mode with autmatic speed reduction
- Special jar design for narrow particle size distributions
- Easy operation via touch screen, memory for 10 SOP
- Two grinding stations, grinding jars with integrated safety closure

Video on www.retsch.com/emax

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Cooling and Temperature Control

The grinding jars of the Emax are cooled in their bracket by an integrated water cooling system. To further reduce the temperature, the mill can be connected to a heat exchanger or the tap. The Emax software allows the user to carry out the grinding process within a defined temperature range, i. e. he can set a minimum and a maximum temperature. When the maximum temperature is exceeded, the mill automatically stops and starts again upon reaching the minimum temperature.

Measuring System GrindControl

By continuously measuring pressure and temperature the processes and reactions which take place inside the grinding jar during grinding can be monitored and recorded.

Accessories and Options

• Grinding jars

- stainless steel 50 ml, 125 ml
- zirconium oxide 50 ml, 125 ml
- tungsten carbide 50 ml.

Grinding balls

- stainless steel, zirconium oxide, tungsten carbide
- up to 12 mm for 50 ml grinding jar or
- up to 15 mm for 125 ml grinding jar.

Aeration lid

for grinding under inert atmosphere; for stainless steel, zirconium oxide and tungsten carbide jars.



High Energy Ball Mill Emax at a Glance Model Fmax nano grinding, size reduction, homogenizing, mechanical Application alloying, colloidal milling, high energy comminution agriculture, biology, chemistry, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment / **Fields of application** recycling, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals medium-hard, hard, brittle, Feed material fibrous - dry or wet Performance data Feed size* < 5 mm Final fineness* d₉₀ < 80 nm Batch size/sample volume* 2 x 45 ml Speed at 50 Hz 300-2,000 min⁻¹ G-force** 76 q Coolina controlled integrated water cooling min and max temperature **Temperature control** may be defined No. of grinding stations 2 with integrated safety Type of grinding jars closure devices Setting of grinding time 00:01:00-99:59:59 Interval operation with optional direction reversal Interval time 00:01:00-99:59:59 Pause time 00:01:00-99:59:59 Memory for Standard 10 **Operating Procedures (SOPs)** Technical data Drive power 2,600 W WxHxD 625 x 525 x 645 mm approx. 120 kg Net weight More information on www.retsch.com/emax depending on feed material and instrument configuration $**(1 \text{ g} = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)$

Typical Sample Materials

The High Energy Ball Mill Emax efficiently pulverizes materials such as soil, concrete, carbon fibers, chemical products, ores, gypsum, glass, semi-precious stones, wood, lime, catalysts, ceramics, bones, coal, alloys, metal oxides, minerals, pigments, quartz, slag, tobacco, tea, clay minerals, cement clinker etc.





Application example: Ores

PM Series – Grind Sizes Down to the Nanometer Range

The powerful and versatile planetary ball mills meet and exceed all requirements for fast and reproducible grinding down to the submicron range. They are used for the most demanding tasks, from routine sample processing to colloidal grinding and mechanical alloying. The extremely high centrifugal forces of the planetary ball mills result in exceptional pulverization energy and therefore short grinding times.

The planetary ball mills are available in versions with 1, 2 and 4 grinding stations. The freely selectable parameter settings, comprehensive range of grinding jars made from top-quality materials as well as the numerous possible ball charge combinations (number and ball size) allow for individual adaptation to a particular size reduction task and are the basis of unmatched versatility in the PM range.

All RETSCH planetary ball mills feature programmable starting time, power failure back-up with storage of the remaining grinding time and automatic grinding chamber ventilation which also cools the grinding jars during operation. Grinding parameters are easily selected and stored via a single button and a graphic display.

The mills – which are available in 7 different versions – are characterized by maximum performance, safety and reliability.

Benefits

- Efficient grinding process for excellent results down to the submicron range
- Reproducible results due to energy and speed control
- Memory for 10 Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- Suitable for long-term trials and continuous use
- Different speed ratios available (1:-1; 1:-2; 1:-2.5; 1:-3)
- Grinding jar volumes from 12 ml to 500 ml, in 8 different materials
- Automatic direction reversal helps to avoid caking
- Free-Force-Compensation-Sockets for perfect stability on the bench

Video on www.retsch.com/pm



Planetary Ball Mill PM 400 / PM 400 MA

Range of Models

Planetary Ball Mill PM 100

This ball mill is equipped with one grinding station and pulverizes and mixes a large number of materials. It can be operated with grinding jar volumes from 12 ml to 500 ml. Thanks to the Free Force Compensation Socket (FFCS) technology the vibrations of the mill are compensated. If the PM 100 is placed on a suitable laboratory bench, it can be left unattended during operation.

Planetary Ball Mill PM 100 CM

This version features the same performance data as the classical PM 100; however, the speed ratio of sun wheel to grinding jar is 1:-1 instead of 1:-2. This results in a different ball movement which leads to the sample being pulverized rather by pressure and friction than by impact. This not only reduces abrasion but also heat built-up inside the grinding jar. Hence it is possible to process agglomerating materials in a more gentle way.

Planetary Ball Mill PM 200

The PM 200 possesses 2 grinding stations for grinding jars with a nominal volume of 12 ml to 125 ml. The larger sun wheel diameter results in a higher energy input compared to the PM 100.

Planetary Ball Mill PM 400

The PM 400 is a robust floor model with 4 grinding stations for grinding jars with a nominal volume of 12 ml to 500 ml. It can process up to 8 samples simultaneously which results in a high sample throughput.

Model PM 400 MA

To generate the high energy input which is required for mechanical alloying of hard-brittle materials, the PM 400 is available as "MA" type with a speed ratio of 1:-2.5 or 1:-3.

Pressure and Temperature Measuring System GrindControl

Due to their high energy input Planetary Ball Mills are frequently used for the development of new materials by mechanical alloying. The processes and reactions which take place in the grinding jar during grinding can be measured and monitored with the software controlled GrindControl system. It is available with a stainless steel grinding jar of 250 ml or 500 ml. Jar and PC communicate via a robust and secure wireless connection. The measurement data can be recorded with different sampling rates; the longest interval is 5 seconds, the shortest 5 milliseconds. The complete system – including accessories such as the grinding jar and a conversion kit for gassing – is delivered in an aluminum case.



Measurement ranges: Gas pressure: up to 500 kPa, Temperature: 0-200 °C







Grinding Jars "comfort"



The "comfort" range of grinding jars has been specially designed for extreme working conditions such as long-term trials, wet grinding, high mechanical loads and maximum speeds as well as for mechanical alloying.

- Grinding jar sizes from 12 ml to 500 ml
- Hardened steel, stainless steel, tungsten carbide, agate, sintered aluminium oxide, silicon nitride, zirconium oxide, PTFE
- Gas-tight, dust-proof and pressure-resistant
- User-friendly gripping flanges on jar and lid
- Safe, non-slip seating with builtin anti-rotation device and conical base centering

Safety

The planetary ball mills feature a Safety Slider which ensures that the mill can only be started after all grinding jars have been securely fixed with a clamping device. The self-acting lock ensures that the grinding jars are seated correctly and securely.

Thanks to the automatic cover closure, the machine does not start unless the cover is properly closed. It can only be opened when the mill is at a complete standstill. The Free-Force-Compensation-Sockets (FFCS) compensate vibrations and secure the stability of the mills on the bench.

- Optional safety closure device for gas-tight handling inside and outside of glove boxes
- Optional aeration lid creates an inert atmosphere in the grinding jar
- Grinding jars may be stacked in the PM 100, PM 100 CM and PM 400 $\,$

Planetary Ball Mills at a Glance

		Planetary Ball Mills	
Model	PM 100 & PM 100 CM	PM 200	PM 400 & PM 400 MA

Applications	nano grinding, pulverizin	g, mixing, homogenizing, colloidal mil	ling, mechanical alloying						
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, chemistry / plastics, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment recycling, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals								
Feed material	soft, hard, brittle, fibrous - dry or wet								
Performance data									
Feed size*	<10 mm	<4 mm	<10 mm						
Final fineness*	d ₉₀ <1 μm	d ₉₀ <1 μm	d ₉₀ <1 μm						
For colloidal grinding*	d ₉₀ <100 nm	d ₉₀ <100 nm	d ₉₀ <100 nm						
Batch/sample volume*	max. 1 x 220 ml	max. 2 x 50 ml	max. 4 x 220 ml						
with stacked grinding jars	max. 2 x 20 ml	-	max. 8 x 20 ml						
No. of grinding stations	1	2	2 or 4						
Suitable grinding jars "comfort"									
12 ml / 25 ml / 50 ml / 80 ml	1 or 2	2	2, 4 or 8						
125 ml	1	2	2 or 4						
250 ml / 500 ml	1	-	2 or 4						
Speed ratio	1:-2 / 1:-1	1:-2	1:-2 / 1:-2.5 or 1:-3						
Sun wheel speed	100-650 min ⁻¹	100-650 min ⁻¹	30-400 min ⁻¹						
Effective sun wheel diameter	141 mm	157 mm	300 mm						
G-force**	33 g	37 g	27 g						
Digital grinding time setting (hours:minutes:seconds)	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59						
Interval operation	with optional direction reversal	with optional direction reversal	with optional direction reversal						
Interval time	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59						
Pause time	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59	00:00:01-99:59:59						
Memory for Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)	10	10	10						
Measurement of energy input	✓	✓	1						
Serial interface	✓	✓	1						
Technical data									
Drive power	750 W	750 W	1,500 W						
WxHxD	630 x 468 x 415 mm	630 x 468 x 415 mm	836 x 1,220 x 780 mm						
Net weight	approx. 80 kg / approx. 86 kg	approx. 72 kg	approx. 290 kg						
More information on	www.retsch.com/pm100	www.retsch.com/pm200	www.retsch.com/pm40						

depending on feed material and instrument configuration $**(1 \text{ g} = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)$

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH planetary ball mills are perfectly suitable for size reduction of, for example, soil, chemical products, ores, glass, household and industrial waste, ceramics, sewage sludge, alloys, minerals, plants etc.





Application example: Composite ceramics

Retsch

TM 300 – Grinding & Mixing of Large Sample Volumes

The TM 300 Drum Mill is used for the preparation of granules and powders. The grinding process is performed either in dry or wet conditions. The drum mill can be operated either as a ball or as a rod mill by using the corresponding module.

A sufficient number of balls or rods is required for an effective grinding process. Typically, a final fineness below 150 microns is obtained and can even be as low as 20 μ m.

The TM 300 features a yoke and locking mechanism for easy access to the sample. The drum cover is easily removed for cleaning thanks to a quick release locking mechanism.

Parameters like grinding time or start and stop are set conveniently via the display. The following factors have an influence on the final particle size: Sample characteristics, maximum feed size and capacity.



Drum Mill TM 300

Benefits

- Suitable for dry and wet grinding
- Variable speed, reproducible results
- Suitable for long-term operations
- Easy tilt to empty the grinding drum
- Removable sample collector
- Standard sizes of grinding drums from 5 to 43.4 l
- Separation grid to separate sample from grinding balls (only for ball mill)
- Guide rail allows for ergonomic removal of drum
- Grinding drum with gasket for loss-free operation
- Solid noise-protection hood

Video on www.retsch.com/tm300

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Accessories and Options

Stainless steel grinding drums are available in sizes from 5 liters to 43.4 liters.

Selection of drum volume, ball and rod filling are determined by type and amount of sample material.

Stainless steel grinding drums

- 5 liters
- 10 liters
- 21.7 liters
- 43.4 liters

Stainless steel grinding media

- Grinding balls: 20 kg with 20 mm diameter
- Grinding rods: 8 pcs. with 30 mm diameter (only for drum 43.4 liters)

Drum Mills at a Glance



Applications	pulverizin	ıg, mixing			
Fields of application	agriculture, biology, Chemistry, construction materials, engineering / electronics, environment / recycling, geology / metallurgy, glass / ceramics, medicine / pharmaceuticals				
Feed material	soft, hard, brittle,	fibrous - dry or wet			
Performance data					
Feed size*	< 20 mm	< 20 mm			
Final fineness*	< 20 µm	< 150 µm			
Max. Aufgabemenge*	approx. 10 liters	approx. 20 liters			
Typical grinding time	30-60 min	30-60 min			
Possible applications					
dry grinding	1	1			
wet grinding	1	1			
mixing	1	_			
Grinding drums	5 / 10 / 21.7 liters	43.4 liters			
Grinding media	balls	rods			
No. of grinding stations	1	1			
Digital speed setting	0-80 min ⁻¹	0-80 min ⁻¹			
Digital time setting	1	1			
Technical data					
Drive power	750 W	750 W			
WxHxD	1,500 x 1,260 x 765 mm	1,500 x 1,260 x 765 mm			
Net weight	295 kg	295 kg			
More information on	www.retsch	.com/tm300			

 $\ast depending on feed material and instrument configuration$

Typical Sample Materials

RETSCH drum mills are ideally suited for the size reduction of minerals, ores, glass, ceramics, coal, cement, pharmaceutical products, food etc.





Application example: Carbon fibers



The new RETSCH App

As the leading solution provider for sample preparation equipment, RETSCH has taken operating convenience to the next level and created the new Retsch App. This tool makes working with your RETSCH mill easy and convenient.

- Operate your mill via your smart phone or tablet
- Control your devices based on your own application routines
- Access information from the RETSCH application database
- Get in touch with the RETSCH service team

The RETSCH App offers a wealth of information, like operating manual or available accessories, but also application-specific documents.

These include a large number of grinding protocols from the RETSCH application lab which cover a wide range of industries, containing grinding parameters, accessories used and sample images, as well as handling videos which demonstrate use of the mill step by step or "tips & tricks" documents. It is also possible to create your own application database.

RETSCH Connection Kit

The Connection Kit has everything you need to connect your mill via the RETSCH App to a mobile device. It contains all required components:

- RETSCH Box with power supply
- Samsung Galaxy Tab A6 with power supply
- Connecting cable

The operating manual of the RETSCH mill which is used with the RETSCH Box is pre-installed on the tablet.

Superiority in Detail





Retsch

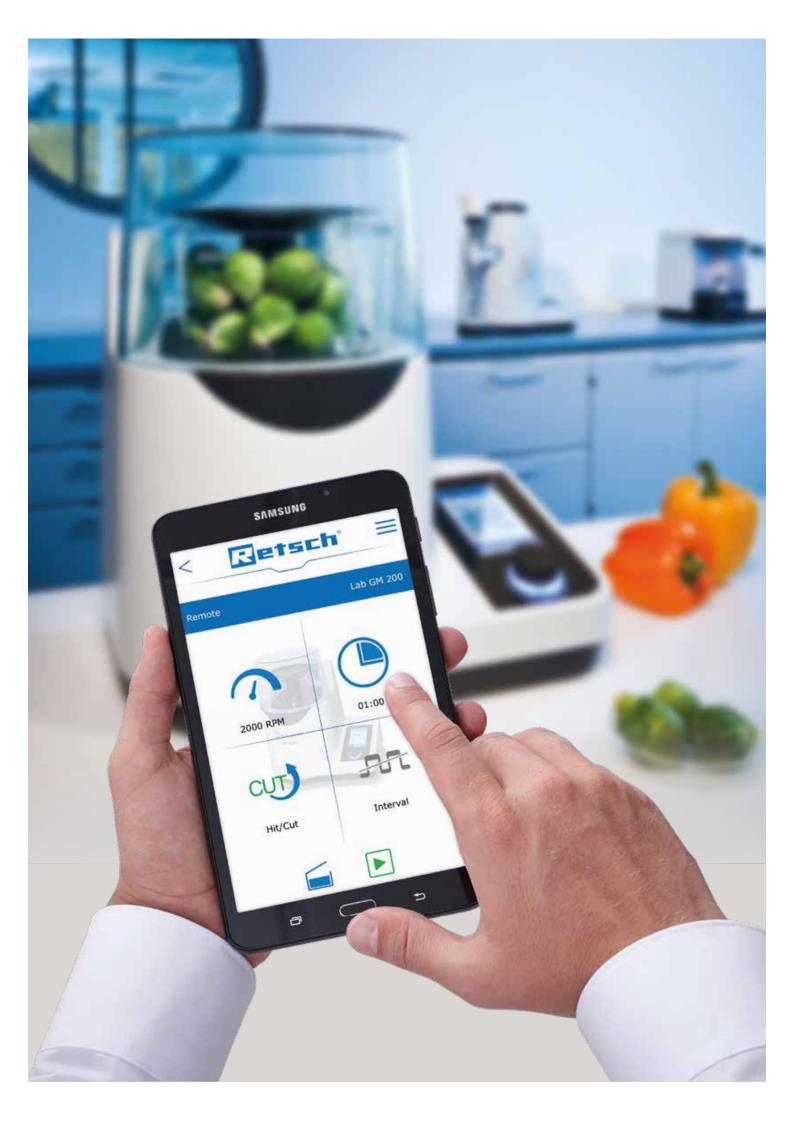
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The clear, intuitive user interface provides quick access to contents.

Laboratory mills can be connected and controlled with the app.

Fruits and vegetables	MyLab GM 200
Dried apple chips	2
Tomatoes	0
Lemons	2
Frozen grapes (-80 °C)	2
Juniper berry	5
Dried berry leather	-
Dried berries	6 5
Soy beans	
Vegetables frozen	3
Cooked Asparagus	୍
Apples	ಂ
Salad	6

Grinding protocols can be created and stored.





The Perfect Solution for Any Product and Analysis Method

The following examples represent the core applications of a selection of industries. RETSCH's online database www.retsch.com/ applicationdatabase contains many more test reports.

In addition, the RETSCH application laboratory offers free test grindings of customer samples. You will receive your pulverized sample together with a test report with information about recommended instrument configurations. Of course, you are welcome to visit our application laboratory to assist the trials and get to know the full range of RETSCH's equipment for milling and sieving.

For the majority of analysis methods only a few milligrams or grams of sample are required which should represent the original material. If the sample is not representative, the results will vary with regards to the composition of the material, depending on the part of the original material from which the sample was taken. Therefore, complete homogenization is an important prerequisite for representative sample properties and for correct qualitative and quantitative evaluation of the material. Basically, when selecting grinding parameters and accessories care should be taken not to influence the sample properties and to fulfill the requirements of the subsequent analysis method.



Application Examples:

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after

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Soil, Sewage Sludge

Samples of soil or sewage sludge are usually heterogeneous and may contain, for example, straw or stones. They are frequently moist and, when containing clay, even greasy. Which type of mill is suitable for pulverization and homogenization depends on the sample characteristics. As samples are often analyzed for their heavy metal content, it is paramount to use grinding tools made of materials which guarantee neutral-to-analysis sample preparation.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Soil	lacksquare	RM 200	mortar and pestle hard porcelain	50 g	4 min	100 min ⁻¹	< 90 µm
Sediment	ullet	RS 200	100 ml grinding set agate	50 g	8 min	700 min ⁻¹	<100 µm
Sewage sludge		PM 100	125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 7 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	25 g	10 min	450 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
	•	PM 100	125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 50 grinding balls zirconium oxide 10 mm	25 g	30 min	500 min ⁻¹	< 20 µm
Loamy soil	•	GM 200	grinding jar polycarbonate, pure titanium knife for heavy-metal-free grinding	290 g	30 s	4,000 min ⁻¹ reverse mode	<4 mm
Soil	•	MM 400	35 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 10 grinding balls zirconium oxide 10 mm	10 g	7 min	30 Hz	< 20 µm







Sediment



Sewage sludge

Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Plants, Wood, Straw

Materials such as straw or wood are tough and elastic and frequently contain moisture. For size reduction of such samples RETSCH cutting or rotor mills are the best choice. These can be equipped with different rotor types in accordance with the sample characteristics. As fibrous particles may pass vertically through the sieve apertures, a subsequent fine grinding step is recommended.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)		
Straw		SM 200	parallel section rotor, bottom sieve 2 mm, cyclone with 500 ml sample bottle	50 g	30 s	1,500 min ⁻¹	<10 mm		
	•	PM 100	500 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 25 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	50 g	1:15 h	400 min ⁻¹	< 50 µm		
Mulch		SM 400	parallel section rotor, bottom sieve 10 mm, continuous outlet with 30 l collecting receptacle	5 kg	3 min	280 min ⁻¹	<10 mm		
Waste wood		SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 2 mm, cyclone with 5 l collecting receptacle	500 g	2 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	< 2 mm		
	0	MM 400	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 4 grinding balls stainless steel 15 mm	4 g	4 min	30 Hz	<200 µm		
Dried grass	ullet	Twister	sieve insert 0.5 mm	20 g	1 min	14,000 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm		
Pre-grindir	Pre-grinding Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.



Loamy soil







Straw



Waste wood



Dried grass





Compound fertilizer



Mineral fertilizer



Dried, fermented manure



Dried compost



Hay



Animal feed pellets



Grain mix for poultry



Chewing bone

Fertilizers

The term "fertilizer" comprises a large variety of materials with different characteristics. A general distinction is made between organic fertilizers which are heterogeneous, for example manure or compost with soft-greasy or hard-brittle properties, and mineral fertilizers such as nitrate or phosphate compounds which are usually abrasive, hard and brittle. The choice of a suitable mill depends on the characteristics of the sample to be homogenized.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)		
Compound fertilizer	•	SR 300	distance rotor, ring sieve 360° 4 mm	300 g	30 s	3,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm		
Mineral fertilizer	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor titanium, cassette titanium-niob-coated, ring sieve pure titanium 0.75 mm	500 g	1 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	<400 µm		
Potassium nitrate	•	PM 400	grinding jar zirconium oxide 500 ml, 150 grinding balls zirconium oxide 10 mm	175 g	10 min	380 min ⁻¹	<9 µm		
Dried, fermented manure	•	SM 200	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 1.5 mm, 5 I collecting receptacle	2 liters	2 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<1 mm		
NH ₄ H ₂ PO ₄	•	SR 300	standard rotor, ring sieve 360°, 0.25 mm, 30 I collecting receptacle	1 kg	2 min	8,000 min ⁻¹	<100 µm		
Dried compost		SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 8 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle	1 kg	20 min	2,000 min ⁻¹	<8 mm		
	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance sieve 0.75 mm	200 g	2 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	< 700 µm		
Pre-grindi	Pre-grinding Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Feed

The properties of feedstuff vary from fibrous to tough or oily. Quick and effective homogenization with RETSCH mills ensures that all sample components are uniformly represented in the analysis sample. The size reduction process should not have any impact on the residual moisture content, particularly if the sample is to be analyzed for nutritional values which are generally related to the dried substance.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Нау	\bigcirc	Twister	sieve insert 1 mm	10 g	1 min	14,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
Animal feed pellets	•	SR 300	distance rotor, ring sieve 360° 0.5 mm	500 g	3 min	8,000 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
Large feed pellets		SM 400	parallel-section-rotor, bottom sieve 10 mm, continuous outlet with 30 l collecting receptacle	20 kg	3 min	8,000 min ⁻¹	<10 mm
Beet pellets	•	SM 200	parallel-section-rotor, bottom sieve 6 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle	300 g	1 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<4 mm
Grain mix for poultry	•	ZM 200	push-fit rotor 12-teeth, ring sieve 0.5 mm	200 g	40 s	18,000 min ⁻¹	<300 µm
Cat food	•	GM 300	5 l grinding container stainless steel, standard lid, standard knife	180 g	3 min	4,000 min ⁻¹	<2 mm
Chewing bone		SM 200	parallel-section-rotor stainless steel, bottom sieve 6 mm stainless steel, 5 I collecting receptacle	50 g	1 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<8 mm
	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance rotor 0.5 mm, cyclone	50 g	2 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
Pre-grindir	ng 🦲) Fine grin	ding * Embrittlement with liquid nitroge	en or dry ice	** Wet gri	nding	

Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Food

Food occurs in a great variety of forms and consistencies and is often inhomogeneous. Food testing labs require representative samples to obtain meaningful and reproducible analysis results. Therefore, food samples need to be homogenized and pulverized to the required analytical fineness. For samples with high water, sugar or fat content, RETSCH's GRINDOMIX knife mills are the perfect choice. For medium-hard and granular food samples like grain one of the RETSCH rotor mills should be used. Cutting mills like RETSCH's powerful SM 300 are suitable for grinding large quantities of tough, fibrous or hard materials. Finally, sticky or pasty samples are best homogenized in a mortar grinder like the RM 200.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Streaky bacon		GM 200	standard lid, serrated blade knife, polycarbonate grinding container	450 g	10 s	7,000 min ⁻¹	
	•	GM 200	gravity lid, serrated blade knife, polycarbonate grinding container	450 g	20 s	10,000 min ⁻¹	homoge- neous
Grapefruits	•	GM 300	gravity lid with overflow channels, serrated blade knife, polycarbonate grinding container	4 whole fruits	20 s	3,000 min ⁻¹	homoge- neous
Hard candy		GM 200	standard lid, standard knife, stainless steel grinding container	100 g	10 s	2,000 min ⁻¹	
		GM 200	standard lid, standard knife, stainless steel grinding container	100 g	15 s	4,000 min ⁻¹	
	•	GM 200	standard lid, standard knife, stainless steel grinding container	100 g	5 s	6,000 min ⁻¹	<400 µm
Fruit gum*		GM 300	lid for dry ice applications, full metal knife, stainless steel grinding container, dry ice	500 g	40 s	1,000 min ⁻¹	
	•	GM 300	lid for dry ice applications, full metal knife, stainless steel grinding container, dry ice	500 g	20 s	4,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
Herbal tea	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, ring sieve 0.5 mm	25 g	1:50 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	<100 µm
Corn	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance sieve 0.5 mm, cyclone with 5 l collecting receptacle	200 g	2:30 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	< 250 µm
Muesli		Twister	sieve insert 1 mm	50 g	1 min	14,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
Nuts with shell	•	SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 4 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle	1 kg	2 min	2,000 min ⁻¹	<2 mm
Freeze- dried carp	•	SM 300	V rotor, bottom sieve 1 mm, 2 I collecting receptacle with cyclone	120 g	2 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
Stone salt		SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 8 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle , cyclone	500 g	10 s	1,500 min ⁻¹	<4 mm
	•	SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 0,5 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle , cyclone	500 g	1 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
Dried Mus- hrooms	•	TM 300	grinding drum 10 l steel, 10 kg grinding balls 20 mm steel,	120 g	60 min	60 min ⁻¹	< 100 µm
Cocoa nibs		RM 200	mortar and pestle hard porcelain	75 g	10 min	100 min ⁻¹	< 100 µm

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar

samples may produce different results to those listed above.



Streaky bacon



Grapefruits



Fruit gum







Nuts with shell



Muesli



Freeze-dried carp



Cocoa nibs





Painkillers



Pills with sticky coating



Capsules with liquid filling



Hemp umbels



Sulfur



Rutil



LiNbO₃

Pharmaceutical Products

Pharmaceutical products such as pills or capsules are often composed of inhomogeneous components. Some have a sugary coating which makes the sample clump together during homogenization. Capsules with liquid fillings show the same behavior. If volatile or temperature-sensitive ingredients are involved, the homogenization process should not lead to heat build-up beyond a certain temperature in order to preserve these components for subsequent analysis. This can be ensured by improving the breaking properties of the sample by embrittlement during the grinding process. A range of RETSCH mills is suitable for this application.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)		
Painkillers	•	RM 200	mortar and pestle hard porcelain, beech wood scraper	30 pieces	7 min	100 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm		
Pills with sticky coating*	•	ZM 200	12-tooth rotor, ring sieve for small volumes 0.12 mm	20 pieces	1 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	<60 µm		
Capsules with liquid filling*	0	MM 400	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 25 mm grinding ball stainless steel, KryoKit	5 pieces	1 min	30 Hz	< 300 µm		
Cellulose fibers	•	TM 300	Drum 21.7 l steel, 20 kg grinding balls steel 20 mm	450 g	320 min	80 min ⁻¹	<63 µm		
Hemp umbels		SM 400	Parallel section rotor, 20 mm bottom sieve	100 kg	1 h	280 min ⁻¹	< 20 mm		
Pre-grinding	Pre-grinding • Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Chemical Products

Adequate sample preparation ensures that the analyzed sample volume – which often is not more than a few grams – represents the original sample. For neutral-to-analysis size reduction of chemical products, which can vary strongly in their consistency from abrasive to greasy or from brittle to soft, RETSCH offers a variety of mills.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Potassium sulfate	•	SR 300	standard rotor, ring sieve 360° 0.12 mm	1,500 g	5 min	8,000 min ⁻¹	<100 µm
Copper sulfate	•	MM 500	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 110 g grinding balls stainless steel 2 mm, 18 ml toluol**	15 ml	30 min	35 Hz	1 µm
Sulfur	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, ring sieve 0.25 mm, cyclone	150 g	30 s	18,000 min ⁻¹	<10 µm
Chromium oxide		BB 200	breaking jars tungsten carbide, wearing plates stainless steel	150 g	1 min	gap width: 2 mm	< 5 mm
		MM 400	25 ml grinding jar tungsten carbide, 1 grinding ball tungsten carbide 15 mm	15 g	4 min	30 Hz	<80 µm
Anion exchanger	•	PM 100	250 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 100 grinding balls stainless steel 10 mm	90 g	20 min	450 min ⁻¹	<60 µm
Rutile	•	Emax	50 ml grinding jar tungsten carbide, 15 grinding balls tungsten carbide 10 mm	20 g	15 min	1,000 min ⁻¹	< 2.8 µm
LiNbO ₃	•	PM 200	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 1 mm, 12 ml sodium phosphate 1%**	5 g	4 h	530 min ⁻¹	<140 nm
Carbon black	•	Emax	grinding jar zirconium oxide 125 ml, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.1 mm, 49 g binder solution**	1 g	1 h	1,800 min ⁻¹	<150 nm
Pre-grindi	ng	Fine grin	ding * Embrittlement with liquid nitroge	en or dry ice	** Wet gri	nding	

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

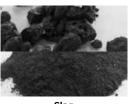
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Construction Materials

Construction materials are usually made up of different components which can be challenging for the size reduction process due to their different characteristics (abrasive, soft, oily, brittle). RETSCH's product portfolio comprises sample preparation equipment suitable for the various production steps of construction materials - from the quarrying to the end product. Sample preparation is often carried out in two steps: preliminary grinding or crushing is followed by pulverization of the sample to analytical fineness.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d _{oo})
Slag		BB 400	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates hardened steel	1.74 kg	15 s	gap width: 3 mm	<15 mm
		TM 300	drum 21.7 l steel, 20 kg grinding balls steel	1.74 kg	30 min	80 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
Limestone		BB 200	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates stainless steel	1 kg	2 min	gap width: 2 mm	<5 mm
	•	PM 100	500 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 25 grinding balls stainless steel 20 mm	125 g	5 min	400 min ⁻¹	< 80 µm
Limestone	•	XRD-Mill McCrone	Grinding cylinders sintered corundum, 7 g 15 min 7 ml propanol**		1,500 min ⁻¹	<6 µm	
Sand	•	Emax 125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 18 grinding balls zirconium oxide 15 mm		1,200 min ⁻¹	<10 µm		
Rohgips		BB 250	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates stainless steel	1000 g	25 s	gap width: 2 mm	< 10 µm
		ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance sieve 10 mm	300 g	20 s	18.000 min ⁻¹	<10 µm
	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance sieve 0.35 mm	300 g	30 s	18.000 min ⁻¹	<180 µm
Cement	•	MM 400	35 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide,15 g1 grinding ball zirconium oxide 20 mm		30 s	30 Hz	< 500 µm
Clinker		BB 100	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	500 g	1 min	gap width: 2 mm	<8 mm
	•	DM 400	grinding discs hardened steel	500 g	2 min	gap width: 0.2 mm	< 250 µm
Mortar block		BB 200	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	500 g	1 min	gap width: 5 mm	<8 mm
	•	SK 100	grinding insert and cross beater cast iron, baffle plates hardened steel, bottom sieve 0.5 mm	500 g	3 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm
Concrete		BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	40 g	1 min	gap width: 2.5 mm	<4 mm
	•	BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	40 g	1 min	0.1 mm	<400 µm
Asphalt*		BB 200	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	400 g	1 min	gap width: 10 mm	<20 mm
		BB 200	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	400 g	1 min	1 mm	<5 mm
		SR 300	Distance rotor, sieve frame grinding insert 180°, sieve insert 180° 1.5 mm	400 g	1 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.



Slag



Limestone











Mortar

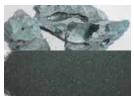


Asphalt





Iron ore



Chromic iron



Lapis lazuli



Jade



Glimmer



Basalt

Minerals, Ores, Rocks

Minerals and ores need to be homogenized to the required fineness before analysis. Material properties vary from brittle and abrasive (e.g. slag) to ductile behavior (e.g. metals in ore). RETSCH offers a full range of crushers and mills for preliminary and fine size reduction of these materials.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Iron ore		SK 100	grinding insert and cross beater cast iron, baffle plates hardened steel, bottom sieve 1.5 mm	100 g	30 s	3,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
	Emax		125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide,40 grinding balls zirconium oxide 10 mm	50 g	10 min	1,200 min ⁻¹	< 5 µm
	•	Emax	125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 275 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.5 mm, 40 ml water**	50 g	30 min	2,000 min ⁻¹	<800 nm
Chromic iron		BB 300	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates stainless steel	500 g	5 min	gap width: 1 mm	<8 mm
		RS 200	100 ml grinding set tungsten carbide	140 g	5 min	1,200 min-1	<600 µm
Puzzolan	۲	RS 300	2,000 ml grinding set steel	800 g	15 min	912 min ⁻¹	< 40 µm
Bauxite		BB 500	breaking jaws NiHard4 and wearing plates stainless steel	4.4 kg	1 min	gap width: 0 mm	< 8 mm
Lapis lazuli		PM 200	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 3 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	20 g	2 min	420 min ⁻¹	<90 µm
Jade		BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates zirconium oxide	200 g	1 min	gap width: 0.1 mm	<1 mm
	•	PM 100	500 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 25 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	200 g	1 min	380 min ⁻¹	<600 µm
Glimmer	0	XRD-Mill McCrone	grinding elements sintered corundum, 5 ml propanol**	2 g	10 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<10 µm
Zeolithe	•	Emax	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.1 mm, 13 ml water**	5 g	10 min	2,000 min ⁻¹	< 200 nm
Basalt	•	MM 500	125 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 18 x grinding balls stainless steel 15 mm	44 g	2 min	35 Hz	40 µm

Glass, Ceramics

Glass and ceramics as well as the raw materials required for their production are usually hard and brittle. Jaw crushers, disc and ball mills are most suitable to reduce these materials in one or two steps to analytical fineness.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Composite ceramics	0	PM 400	500 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 25 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	160 g	30 min	320 min ⁻¹	< 27 µm
Ceramic cones			breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates stainless steel	1 kg	30 s	gap width: 2.5 mm	<8 mm
	$oldsymbol{O}$	RS 200	50 ml grinding set tungsten carbide	30 g	5 min	1,200 min ⁻¹	<100 µm
Al-Zr-Y ceramic	•	PM 100	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 3 grinding balls zirconium oxide 20 mm	35 g	5 min	550 min ⁻¹	<100 µm
Ceramic catalyst		BB 250	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates hardened steel	2 kg	1 min	gap width: 2 mm	< 30 mm
	ullet	RS 300	2,000 ml grinding set standard steel	500 g	3 min	912 min ⁻¹	<40 µm
Ceramic material	•	MM 500	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 1 x grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	20 g	4 min	35 Hz	110 µm
Tiles		BB 500	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates hardened steel	160 kg	1 h	gap width: 1 mm	<1.8 mm
Silica sand	•	XRD-Mill McCrone	grinding elements sintered corundum, 10 ml water**	2 g	10 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	< 14 µm
Glass bottle (small)		BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates zirconium oxide	1 piece	30 s	gap width: 2 mm	< 2 mm
	•	BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates zirconium oxide		30 s	0.5 mm	< 800 µm
Glass	•	MM 400	25 ml grinding jar tungsten carbide, 4 grinding balls tungsten carbide 12 mm	10 g	4 min	30 Hz	< 50 µm
Glass powder		PM 100	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 2 mm, 15 ml water**	15 g	3 h	550 min ⁻¹	<600 nm
Aluminum oxide	•	Emax	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.1 mm, 18 ml 0.5 % sodium phosphate**	5 g	30 min	2,000 min ⁻¹	<130 nm
Broken glass	0	DM 400	grinding discs hardened steel	15 ml	1:30 min	gap width: 0.1 mm	<400 µm
Pre-grindir	ng 🧶) Fine grin	ding * Embrittlement with liquid nitroge	en or dry ice	** Wet gri	nding	

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar

samples may produce different results to those listed above.



Composite ceramics



Ceramic cones



Glass bottle



Glas



Ceramic catalyst



Tiles

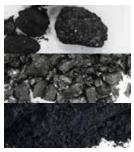


Broken glass





Lignite



Anthracite coal



Carbon fibers

Coal, Coke, Carbon

Coal and coke occur in a great variety of compositions. Lignite often contains more residual moisture and fibers of plant residues than stone coal or anthracite. Graphite is a greasy substance and therefore requires extreme energy input to be pulverized. Laboratories worldwide produce representative and homogeneous analysis samples with RETSCH crushers and grinders.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)		
Lignite		BB 300	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel, collector 27.5 I	4 kg	1 min	gap width: 10 mm	<40 mm		
	BB 300		breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel, collector 27.5 I	4 kg	2 min	2 mm	<8 mm		
		ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, ring sieve 0.2 mm	100 ml	30 s	18,000 min ⁻¹	<100 µm		
Boiler coal	SR 300		ring sieve 360° 0.25 mm, collecting receptacle 5 l	100 g	2 min	8,000 min ⁻¹	<200 µm		
Coal	•	Emax	125 ml grinding jar stainless steel,40 grinding balls stainless steel 10 mm	30 g	10 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<17 µm		
Anthracite coal		BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	500 g	30 s	gap width: 5 mm	8 mm		
	•	SR 300	ring sieve 360° 0.5 mm, collecting receptacle 5 l	500 g	30 s	8,000 min ⁻¹	< 300 µm		
Graphite	0	Emax	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 1 mm, 13 ml isopropanol**	5 g	8 h	2,000 min ⁻¹	<1.7 µm		
Pre-grindi	Pre-grinding • Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

Electronic Scrap, Secondary Fuels

Both materials usually occur in very inhomogeneous forms. Electronic scrap may contain components as different as hard plastics, soft-elastic foil and thin, ductile metal parts. Secondary fuels consist of a mixture of elastic plastics, organic materials such as wood, plants or soil, and hard materials like glass, small stones or metal pieces. Cutting mills are best suited to reduce the particle size of these materials without too much heat build-up. Large metal pieces such as screws or nails, however, should be removed from the sample before grinding as these would accelerate the wearout of the mill and grinding tools. If materials like soft plastics and foil are subjected to fine grinding in a second step, embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice is strongly recommended.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Keyboard and mouse		SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 4 mm, cyclone with 5 l collecting receptacle	1 piece each	2 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	< 5 mm
	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, ring sieve 0.5 mm, cyclone *		15 min	18,000 min ⁻¹	<450 µm
Circuit board		SM 300	300 6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 4 mm, cyclone with 5 I collecting receptacle		1 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	<4 mm
		RS 200	250 ml grinding set hardened steel		6 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	< 600 µm
Secondary fuels	•	SM 300	parallel-section rotor, bottom sieve 1 mm, cyclone with 5 l collecting receptacle	500 g	3 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	<1 mm
Pre-grinding • Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding							



Keyboard and mouse



Circuit board



Secondary fuels

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Plastics, Cables, Elastomeres, Caoutchouc

Pulverizing plastics and elastomeres can be a true challenge due to their elastic and tough properties. Liquid nitrogen or dry ice are suitable grinding aids which improve their breaking behavior. The CryoMill is the perfect mill to pulverize these samples under constant cooling with LN_2 . Before the actual grinding process starts, the sample is cooled down automatically to a constant temperature of -196 °C. It can also be useful to process plastics with better breaking properties cryogenically if, for example, volatile components need to be preserved during grinding.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)
Plastic granulate PET*	•	ZM 200	12-tooth push-fit rotor, distance sieve 0.5 mm, cyclone	40 g	20 s	18,000 min ⁻¹	<450 µm
Rubber duck		SM 300	V rotor, bottom sieve 4 mm, cyclone with 1 l collecting receptacle	1 piece	5 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	<5 mm
	•	CryoMill	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 1 grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	6 g	2 min	30 Hz	<400 µm
Epoxy molding material		BB 50	breaking jaws and wearing plates stainless steel	30 g	1 min	gap width: 2 mm	<5 mm
	•	MM 400	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 1 grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	5 g	12 min	30 Hz	<200 µm
Styrene polymer	•	PM 100	500 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 25 grinding balls stainless steel 20 mm	40 g	15 min	380 min ⁻¹	<150 µm
Hard plastic		SM 400	parallel-section rotor, bottom sieve 2 mm	150 g	5 min	280 min-1	<1 mm
Caoutchouc	•	CryoMill	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 1 grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	4 g	2 min	30 Hz	< 500 µm



Plastic granulate PET



Rubber duck



Epoxy molding material



Caoutchouc





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Leather glove



Outdoor jacket



Textile



Dyed blond hair



Molar tooth



Bones



Bones

Leather, Textiles

Leather and textiles are usually tough, fibrous and soft and are therefore best reduced in size by cutting. For fine grinding it is often necessary to embrittle and cool the materials down to -196 °C with liquid nitrogen.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)	
Leather glove		SM 300	parallel-section rotor, bottom sieve 4 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle	1 piece	1 min	1,500 min ⁻¹	<4 mm fibers	
		SM 300	parallel-section rotor, bottom sieve 1 mm, 5 l collecting receptacle		3 min	1,500 min-1	<1 mm fibers	
Outdoor jacket	•	SM 300	V rotor, bottom sieve 0.5 mm, cyclone with 5 l collecting receptacle	1 piece	20 min	3,000 min ⁻¹	< 500 µm	
Textile		CryoMill	50 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 1 grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	2 g	4 min	30 Hz	< 500 µm	
Pre-grinding • Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

() Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Forensics: Hair, Bones, Teeth

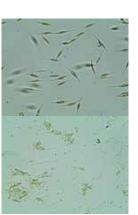
RETSCH offers a range of mills suitable for processing a variety of forensic samples such as fibrous and temperature-sensitive hair, brittle or ductile bones of different sizes and brittle, very hard teeth.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Final fine- ness (d ₉₀)	
Dyed blond hair	•	MM 200	25 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 6 grinding balls stainless steel 10 mm	1 g	2 min	25 Hz	<160 µm	
Dark hair	•	CryoMill	4 7 7 25 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 6 6 grinding balls stainless steel 10 mm		4 min	30 Hz	< 200 µm	
Molar tooth	•	MM 400	25 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 1 grinding ball zirconium oxide 15 mm	1 tooth	3 min	30 Hz	<100 µm	
Bones		BB 50	breaking jaws manganese steel, wearing plates stainless steel	50 g	1 min	gap width: 2 mm	<8 mm	
	•	MM 400	35 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 1 grinding ball zirconium oxide 20 mm	8 g	3 min	30 Hz	<200 µm	
Bones	ig)	SM 300	6-disc rotor, bottom sieve 6 mm	700 g	30 s	3,000 min ⁻¹	<6 mm	
Pre-grinding • Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								

Cell Disruption, DNA or Protein Extraction, Tissue Homogenization

The RETSCH product range features various mills which are suitable for sample preparation of biological substances. A typical application is cell disruption of yeast, bacteria, filamentous fungi or algae in a Mixer Mill MM 400 with glass beads (Bead Beating). The mill can be equipped with adapters for single-use tubes and vials. In contrast to the manual procedure cell disruption in the mixer mill is fully automatic and therefore highly reproducible. Moreover, the sample is hardly warmed during the process. The MM 400 is also suitable for homogenization of cell tissue in buffer. In cases where the cell material must not be warmed, the CryoMill is used for disruption under liquid nitrogen.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Result		
Yeast suspension	•	MM 400	2 adapters, each with 4 conical centrifuge tubes 50 ml, 16 g glass beads 0.5–0.75 mm in each tube	8 x 25 ml	7 min	20 Hz	High protein content		
Micro algae in buffer	•	MM 400	2 adapters, each with 4 conical centrifuge tubes 50 ml, 40 ml glass beads 0.09–0.4 mm in each tube	8 x 20 ml	20 s- 3 min	30 Hz	Almost complete cell disruption for DNA analysis		
Liver	•	MM 400	2 adapters, each with 2 conical centrifuge tubes 50 ml, 4 x 20 mm grinding balls stainless steel, fill buffer up to 45 ml	4 x 8 g	2 min	30 Hz	Homogeneous suspension		
Fir needles	•	MM 400	2 adapters for 10 reaction vials 2 ml, 2 grinding balls stainless steel 5 mm in each vial	20 x 2 needles	3 min	30 Hz	Reproducible RNA extraction		
<i>E. coli</i> bacteria	•	CryoMill	grinding jar stainless steel 50 ml, 1 grinding ball stainless steel 25 mm	10 ml frozen cell pellet	2 min	30 Hz	Complete cell disruption for metabolomic analysis		
Pre-grindir	Pre-grinding Fine grinding * Embrittlement with liquid nitrogen or dry ice ** Wet grinding								



Micro algae in buffer



Homogenized liver



Fir needles





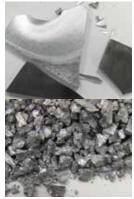
Iridium alloy



FeMo



Metallpulver



Chromschrott-Platten

Metallurgy: Alloys and Mechanical Alloying

There are various methods to produce alloys. The classic way is to fuse the components at very high temperatures. If only small quantities are required or if the alloys cannot be fused by melting, mechanical alloying is an alternative. For this application ball mills are ideally suited because they provide high energy input. Mechanical alloying uses intensive kinetic processes to fuse powdery components. Alloys are mostly hard-brittle but may also have ductile metal components. RETSCH's planetary ball mills and high energy ball mill Emax are perfectly suited for mechanical alloying. Preparation of the alloys for further analysis can be carried out in a vibratory disc mill.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Result
Nickel and ceramic	0	PM 400 MA	500 ml grinding jar stainless steel, 400 grinding balls stainless steel 10 mm	270 g nickel 30 g ceramic	1:30 h	400 min ⁻¹	alloy accom- plished
dopant 8 grinding balls tungsten carbide 2.36 g G 10 mm 0.02 g		3.63 g Si 2.36 g Ge 0.02 g dopant	20 min 4 h	1,000 min ⁻¹ 1,200 min ⁻¹	good integration of Ge in Si, hardly any glass formation		
CrSiMo- alloys	•	MM 500	50 ml grinding jar tungsten carbide, 1 grinding ball tungsten carbide 20 mm	25 g	15 min	35 Hz	10 µm
Sinterted metal powder		BB 500	breaking jaws manganese steel and wearing plates hardened steel	4 kg	20 s	gap width: 0 mm	<400 µm
Iridium alloy	•	RS 200	50 ml grinding jar tungsten carbide	210 g	4 min	1,200 min ⁻¹	<150 µm
FeMo		RS 200	250 ml grinding set tungsten carbide	400 g	10 min	1,200 min ⁻¹	<200 µm
Vanadium- aluminum- alloy		BB 600	breaking jaws NiHard4 and wearing plates hardened steel	900 kg	40 min	gap width: 15 mm	<10 mm
Chrome scrap		BB 500	breaking jaws NiHard4 and wearing plates hardened steel	20 kg	1 min	gap width: 1 mm	<10 mm
Pre-grinding	9 🔍	Fine grindi	ng OMechanical alloying * Embrittlem	ent with liqu	id nitrogen o	r dry ice ** W	et grinding

Grinding in the Nanometer Range

Nano technology deals with particles in a range from 1 nm to 100 nm that possess special properties related to their size. Nano particles are produced either by the "bottom up" or "top down" method. The first involves synthesizing of single molecules whereas the latter is a mechanical procedure based on colloidal grinding. For the top down method the particles are dispersed in liquid, for example water, buffer solution or alcohol, to neutralize their surface charges. With the planetary ball mills and the high energy ball mill Emax RETSCH possesses suitable mills and the required know-how for grinding applications in the nanometer range.

Sample		Mill	Accessories	Feed quantity	Grinding time	Speed	Result
Titanium dioxide	•	Emax	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls 0.1 mm zirconium oxide 15 ml 1% sodium phosphate**	10 g	30 min	2,000 min ^{.1}	<80 nm
	•	MM 500	125 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls 0.1 mm zirconium oxide, 30 ml sodium phosphate**	25 g	2 h	35 Hz	95 nm
Barium titanate	•	Emax	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.5 mm, 26 ml oleic acid-heptane mixture**	12 g	2 h	1,800 min ⁻¹	<95 nm
Barium titanate	•	PM 100	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.5 mm, 26 ml oleic acid-heptane mixture **	12 g	5 h	600 min ⁻¹	<100 nm
Aluminum oxide	•	PM 100	50 ml grinding jar zirconium oxide, 110 g grinding balls zirconium oxide 0.1 mm, 18 ml water**	5 g	4 h	650 min ⁻¹	<100 nm
Pre-grinding	g 🌒	Fine grindi	ng OMechanical alloying * Embrittlem	ent with liqu	id nitrogen o	or dry ice ** W	et grinding

Please note: The achieved grind size depends on the sample material and instrument configurations/settings. Even apparently similar samples may produce different results to those listed above.

Your application is not listed?

To find the best solution for your sample preparation task, our application labs around the world offer freeof-charge test grindings and particle analyses. Out of more than 15,000 test reports generated in our labs, the most frequent applications have been collected in this application database.

Browse our online application data base at www.retsch.com/applicationdatabase for more examples.





They Way to Correct Analysis Results

Analyses are part of the quality control process, for example during production or of incoming goods. Typical methods include spectroscopic or chromatographic analyses. If the particle size of the material is too large for processes such as analysis, division, mixing or further treatment it is necessary to reduce the size by grinding. As product properties (e.g. extraction, filtration, or absorption capacity) are often influenced by the particle size, size reduction on a laboratory scale is also essential for the development of new products or production processes.

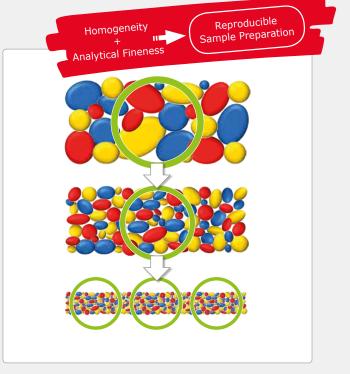


Homogeneity

Usually only a few grams or milligrams of sample are required for analysis; these, however, need to represent the complete original sample. Depending on the part of the original material from which the sample has been taken, information on the composition of the material may vary greatly, as some components may be overrepresented in that part. To obtain a uniform distribution of components and properties in the laboratory sample it needs to be homogenized. If you take a 1 g analysis sample from a cereal bar, for example, this could consist of a raisin, a nut or a few grains. It is obvious that using such a sample for analysis will not provide representative results. Only through homogenization will parts of the raisin, the nut and the grains be included in the sample. Sometimes sample particles can be inhomogeneous in themselves, for example a grain of wheat.



Cereal bars before and after homogenization



Production of a representative part sample through milling



Required Fineness

A frequent requirement is to "grind the sample to fine powder". The term powder, however, is not precise. Washing powder, coffee powder and baking powder, for example, all have very different particle size distributions. Another typical request is to grind the sample "as fine as possible". This involves a high input of energy and time and hence an increase of costs. A more effective approach is to only grind as fine as necessary. It is sufficient if the sample has the required analytical fineness which for most techniques lies between 20 µm and 2 mm.

ICP	HPLC		Moisture	UVS
		XRF	Fat	
			GC	

Sample Preparation

To generate a size reduction effect, the comminution principle of the mill should be matched to the breaking behavior of the particular sample material. Therefore, before selecting a suitable instrument and starting the preparation process, a thorough evaluation of the material is required. Properties such as density, hardness, consistency, residual moisture or fat contents have to be examined. The grinding process can also be influenced by temperature sensitivity, agglomeration behavior or surface reactions. In any case, the requirements of the following analysis should always be taken into account when homogenizing a particular sample.

Before starting the actual grinding process it must be examined if the sample can be processed without division or further treatment.

Sample Division:

The sample quantity is an important factor for correct sample preparation. How much sample is required for analysis? How big is the original quantity in relation to that and what is the particle size? These parameters determine the required amount which is needed for the part sample to be representative. Representative means that the composition of the part sample is identical to that of the original sample.

Sample Treatment:

Moisture, agglomeration, segregation or foreign substances in a sample affect the preparation process and falsify the grinding results. Therefore, the sample needs to be treated before being homogenized.



Sample Division

Most laboratory samples consist of an inhomogeneous mixture. Different particle sizes and material densities can lead to segregation during transportation. Extraction of a part sample by sample division is either carried out after preliminary grinding of the entire laboratory sample, or directly from the original material. The selection of the division method and instrument depends on the sample material and quantity. Dry, free flowing samples can be fed via vibratory feeders to rotary tube dividers and sample dividers with a rotating dividing head whereas sample splitters are used for materials with low flowability. Manual random sampling is only acceptable if the sample is absolutely homogeneous.



RETSCH sample dividers: PT 100, PT 200, RT 6.5 - RT 75



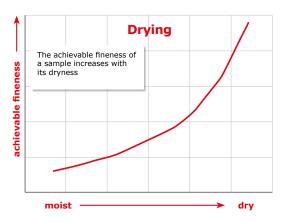
Sample Treatment

Drying

In most cases moist samples have to be dried before being subjected to size reduction. When choosing the drying method and temperature, care should be taken not to alter the properties of the sample to be determined. This is particularly important when dealing with volatile components such as furans, polychlorinated biphenyls or dioxins. Usually, these sample types can only be airdried at room temperature.

RETSCH's TG 200 is suitable for gentle and quick drying using the fluidized bed drying method. For many products the drying time is as little as 5 to 20 minutes. Other methods include vacuum and freeze drying as well as drying cabinets.

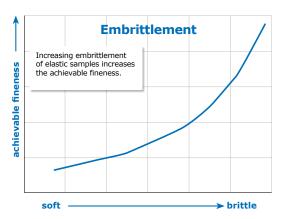




TG 200 for drying small amounts of 3 x 0.3 l or up to 1 x 6 l

Metal Separation

Samples such as industrial waste, recyclable waste or secondary fuels often contain metal components which cannot be pulverized with laboratory mills. On the contrary, metal objects such as steel nails or iron screws can damage the grinding tools which may lead to a considerable deterioration of the mill's performance. Therefore, metal components need to be removed before grinding, for example by using a magnetic separator, and evaluated separately if required.







Material embrittled with liquid nitrogen

Embrittlement (with liquid nitrogen or dry ice)

Cooling the sample material often improves its breaking behavior. Hence, temperature-sensitive materials such as some types of plastics need to be cooled directly before being subjected to primary or fine size reduction. One way is to embrittle the sample in liquid nitrogen (N_2 , LN). At a temperature of -196 °C even soft rubber becomes so hard and brittle that it can be pulverized. Another way of embrittlement is to mix the sample with dry ice (CO₂ at -78 °C).

- Cryogenic grinding is used when volatile components of the sample need to be preserved.
- Materials which must not become moist should not be treated with cooling agents as the humidity condensates on the sample.
- Cooling agents such as LN or dry ice should not be used in closed grinding tools as evaporation causes overpressure inside the jar. Grinding jars of stainless steel, for example those used with the Mixer Mill MM 400, are filled with grinding balls and sample material, closed tightly and are then cooled in liquid nitrogen at -196°C before being inserted into the mill. For grinding under continuous cooling RETSCH's CryoMill is the perfect choice.

Size Reduction Principles

Laboratory mills work with different size reduction principles. Which type of mill is used for a particular size reduction task always depends on the breaking properties of the sample material. Hard-brittle materials are best pulverized through impact, pressure and friction whereas soft and elastic substances require cutting and shearing effects to be successfully comminuted.

The following mechanisms are suitable for size reduction of solid material:



Typically, various size reduction principles are combined in a RETSCH mill, such as pressure and friction in mortar grinders or shearing and impact in rotor mills.



Grinding Tools

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Each RETSCH mill is equipped with grinding tools that are optimized with regards to their functionality and handling. However, due to the wide range of applications, the requirements may differ greatly. Therefore, RETSCH offers a great variety of accessories to provide the optimum solution for each application. For ball mills, for example, the choice of jar volume, ball charge and material depends on the type and amount of sample. The pulverization energy is determined by the density and weight of the ball material. Jar and balls should always be made of the same material. All grinding tools are available in different materials to ensure neutral-to-analysis sample preparation.



Materials

The materials used for RETSCH grinding tools can be grouped as follows:

- Metal (steel, tungsten carbide, cast iron, titanium)
- Ceramics (zirconium oxide, sintered aluminium oxide, hard porcelain, silicon nitride)
- Natural stone (agate)
- Plastics (PTFE)

The chemical and physical properties of a material determine whether it is available for a particular type of mill. Grinding tools made of steel are available for all mills. The table below provides an overview of characteristics such as hardness, energy input, wear resistance and possible contamination through abrasion:

Materials					
	Hardness	Density	Energy input*	Wear resistance*	Possible contamination through abrasion
Stainless steel	48–52 HRC (approx. 550 HV)	7.8 g/cm ³	very high	good (to a limited extent)	Fe, Cr
Hardened steel	58-63 HRC (approx. 750 HV)	7.85 g/cm ³	very high	good	Fe, Cr, C (less than stainless steel)
Steel for heavy-metal- free grinding	up to 62 HRC (Rockwell)	7.85 g/cm ³	very high	good	Fe, Mn, C, Si
Manganese steel ("Manganese investment casting")	up to 55 HRC (Rockwell)	7.2 g/cm ³	very high	good	Fe, Mn, C, Cr
NiHard4	up to 63 HRC (Rockwell)	7.75 g/cm ³	very high	very good	Fe, C, Cr, Ni, Si
Tungsten carbide	approx. 1250 HV	14.8 g/cm ³	extremely high	very good	WC, Co (extremely low)
Agate	hard and brittle 6.5-7 Mohs (approx. 1000 HV)	2.65 g/cm ³	very low	good (to a limited extent)	SiO ₂
Sintered aluminum oxide	hard and brittle 8–8.5 Mohs (approx. 1750 HV)	3.9 g/cm ³	low	good	Al ₂ O ₃ , SiO ₂ (low), no contamination with Fe, Cr, Ni or Co
Zirconium oxide	hard and brittle, tougher than agate 7.5 Mohs (approx. 1200 HV)	5.9 g/cm ³	high	very good	ZrO ₂ und Y ₂ O ₃ (marginal), insignificant for analyses
Silicon nitride	approx. 1500 HV	3.2 g/cm ³	low	excellent	Si ₃ N ₄ , Y ₂ O ₃ , Al ₂ O ₃
PTFE	Elastic Shore hardness D 56	2.1 g/cm ³	very low	poor	contamination with F, C

* e.g. ball mills

Please visit the download area of our website www.retsch.com/downloads for a detailed overview of all materials used in RETSCH instruments including material analyses for all grinding tools.

When choosing a suitable grinding set, several aspects have to be considered:

• Hardness and breaking behavior of the sample material:

The material of the grinding set should be harder than the sample to avoid wear. For example, silica sand should not be ground with agate tools but with the much harder zirconium oxide.

• Abrasion resistance:

Abrasion resistance indicates how resistant a material is to signs of wear. Tungsten carbide and silicon nitride are highly resistant to abrasion. However, the amount of abrasion also depends on the properties of the sample and the size reduction principle of the mill.

Possible contamination through abrasion

Abrasion cannot be completely avoided in mechanical size reduction processes. Therefore, when choosing a material it should be taken into account if possible contamination will have a negative influence on the product or the subsequent analysis (e.g. abrasion of chrome or nickel influences heavy metal analysis).

• Energy input

Another important feature of ball mills and vibratory disc mills is the energy input generated by the different materials. Grinding balls of tungsten carbide, for example, generate a much higher energy input, and thereby a better size reduction effect, due to the higher density of the material, than balls of the same size of other materials.

Application examples:

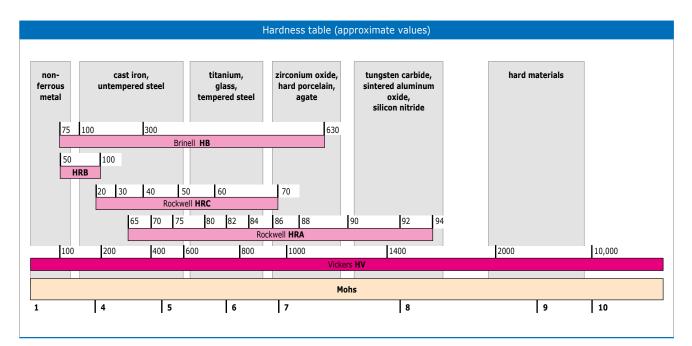
- If soil samples are to be analyzed for iron, chrome or cobalt, grinding tools of stainless or hardened steel are not suitable as they contain the elements which are to be determined.
- If, however, calcium or silicon dioxide are to be analyzed in cement clinker, grinding jars of steel are suitable.
- PTFE, zirconium oxide, silicon nitride and glass can be sterilized; therefore, they are often used for preparing food or microbiological samples.
- Homeopathic products and pharmaceuticals, for example, should only be ground in ceramic or agate grinding sets in order to avoid contamination of the sample.



Hardness

The term hardness describes the mechanical resistance of a material against the penetration of a foreign material. In materials testing the hardness of a material is ascertained by determining the penetration depth of a defined body under given parameters (pressure, angle). The hardness of a particular material can be indicated with different values, depending on the hardness scale to which this value refers (like Mohs or Brinell). The different hardness scales have different origins. The Mohs' scale, for example, classifies the scratch hardness of minerals on the basis of a 10-step scale. The scales of Brinell (HB), Rockwell (HRA / HRB / HRC) and Vickers (HV) originate from the metallurgical sector.

It is not always possible to convert the hardness values from one scale to another. The table below shows a comparison of the scales of Mohs, Vickers, Rockwell (HRA / HRB / HRC).



Grinding Aids

Many grinding tasks which are known from the field of mechanical process engineering can be solved by using one of the various mill types with a suitable size reduction principle. However, some applications cannot be carried out successfully with common laboratory mills despite the wide range of accessories. Challenging grinding tasks include moist samples that cannot be dried as well as soft, elastic or fat, oily substances. To produce ultra-fine powders by mechanical energy input, it is often necessary to add a liquid.

In the above cases, the use of a grinding aid can be helpful. Grinding aids are additives which activate, accelerate and improve chemical or physical processes. Before using a grinding aid for the preparation of solids it must be ensured that the additive does not influence the subsequent analysis or further processing of the sample in any way.



	Grinding Aids / Additives				
	Grinding Aids / Additives				
Solid Additives					
Solid aggregation state (powder, granulate, pellets) for binding fat and/or moisture	When preparing samples for XRF analysis, neutral-to-analysis pellets such as Spectromelt (based on cellulose) are often added to the sample material during grinding in planetary ball mills or vibratory disc mills. Used in the correct mixing ratio, they promote the size reduction effect and help to avoid caking of the material inside the grinding jar. When pelletizing the sample material afterwards, this grinding aid also serves as a binding agent.				
	The addition of sodium sulfate is a common method to bind fat or moisture that is to be determined afterwards (e.g. when grinding insects or moist soils). Trituration is carried out in mortar grinders which guarantees 100 % sample recovery.				
Liquid Additives					
Liquid aggregation state (water, alcohol, benzine) to avoid agglomeration	To homogenize oil seeds such as rape seeds, soy beans or mustard seeds in ball mills or mortar grinders, it is helpful to add petroleum ether which is used as extraction liquid for the following determination of the oil contents.				
	The production of ultra-fine powders, e.g. in the ceramics industry, powder metallurgy or mineralogy, can often only be realized by adding a few drops of alcohol or carrying out wet grinding. Usually, water or isopropanol are used as dispersants. Ball mills are especially suitable for wet grinding.				
Gaseous Additives					
Gaseous aggregation state (inert gas, cooled air)	If a size reduction system is sufficiently ventilated, e.g. through a cyclone or a filter system, frictional heat is continuously discharged. This helps to reduce the warming of the sample material and to increase the throughput.				
	Gassing with inert gas such as argon during grinding in a ball mill prevents the reaction of surface active particles with oxygen (= oxidation).				

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