



°FAHRENHEIT. °CELSIUS. °LAUDA.

MICROCOOL Overview

- 4 units 4 air cooled units in 4 different sizes
- Temperature range -10 to 40 °C
- Cooling capacity 250 W up to 1200 W





Control panel with LED display

- LEDs for function display: glycol warning, refrigeration active, warning
- Three button operation: UP, DOWN, ENTER

Timer for auto start and auto shut down

Illuminated level indication

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Adjustable bypass MC 600, MC 1200
Pump connection, inlet
Pump connection, outlet
Overflow connection



Pressure gauge at types with bypass (MC 600, MC 1200)







Wheels MC 600, MC 1200

Opening for cleaning condenser without tools

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MICROCOOL – ACCESSORIES

• Hoses

polymer hoses, insulated hoses, insulation with different diameters



• Hose clamps



• Adapters



 Heat transfer liquids Aqua 90: 5...90 °C (decalcified water with stabilizer) Kryo 30: -30...90 °C (glycol/water mixture)



MICROCOOL - APPLICATIONS

• Rotary evaporators, Soxleth apparatuses

• Analytical devices (refractometers, spectrometers,...)

• LAUDA devices with cooling coils for temperatures below ambient: shaking incubators (Varioshake), shaking water baths (Hydro), heating thermostats (Alpha, ECO, PRO)











APPLICATION: TAP WATER COOLING

In laboratories tap water is typically used to remove energy from different applications, i.e. analyzers, evaporators, condensers, distillation units etc.





TAP WATER COOLING VS. LAUDA CHILLER

TAP WATER COOLING

- Advantages:
 - Easy to handle
 - Only tap and tubing necessary
 - Nearly everywhere available
- Disadvantages:
 - Big temperature variations in tap water (depending on the ambient condition and the season)
 - High water consumption
 - "Dirty" cooling water causes algae growth, electrochemical corrosion etc.

LAUDA Chiller

- Advantages:
 - Easy to handle
 - Reliable and economical solution
 - Reproducible, constant temperature throughout the year
 - Independent of ambient temperature and season
 - Reduction of operational costs
 - Ensuring process control
 - Responsible utilization of resources